

**Cyngor Tref Llangollen.
Cyfarfod Blynyddol.**

**Llangollen Town Council.
Annual Meeting.**

**Agenda.
19.05.26**

- 1. Etholiad Maer y Dref.**
I benodi Maer Tref am y flwyddyn i ddod.

Election of Town Mayor.
To appoint a Town Mayor for the ensuing year.
- 2. Datganiad Maer y Dref yn derbyn y Tymor Swydd..**
Bydd Maer y Dref yn datgan:
Rydw i, [Cyng.]. ar ôl cael fy ethol i Swyddfa Maer y Dref ar gyfer Tref Llangollen, drwy hyn yn datgan fy mod yn cymryd y Swyddfa honno ar fy hun ac y byddaf yn cyflawni ei dyletswyddau yn briodol ac yn ffyddlon yn ôl hyd eithaf fy ngwybodaeth a'm gallu

Town Mayor's declaration of acceptance of the Term of Office.
The Town Mayor will declare:
I, [Cllr]. having been elected to the Office of Town Mayor for the Town of Llangollen, hereby declare that I take the said Office upon myself and will duly and faithfully fulfil the duties thereof according to the best of my knowledge and ability.
- 3. Ymddiheuriadau am absenoldeb.**
I dderbyn, ystyried a derbyn Ymddiheuriadau am absenoldeb

Apologies for absence.
To receive, consider and accept apologies for absence.
- 4. Etholiad Dirprwy Faer y Dref.**
I benodi Dirprwy Faer y Dref am y flwyddyn i ddod

Election of Deputy Town Mayor.
To appoint a Deputy Town Mayor for the ensuing year.
- 5. Penodiadau pwyllgor.**
I benodi Aelodau am y flwyddyn i ddod
Rheoli a Sefydlu
5 Aelodau.
Rheoli a Sefydlu
5 Aelod.
Cynllinio
3 Aelodau.
(Mae Maer y Dref a Dirprwy Faer y Dref yn aelodau sefydlog o'r Pwyllgor.
Cyd-Bwyllgor Tref Diwylliant y DU Llangollen.
3 Aelodau

Committee appointments.
To appoint Members for the ensuing year.
Asset Management
5 Members.
Management and Establishment
5 Members
Planning
3 Members.
(The Town Mayor and Deputy Town Mayor are standing members of the Committee
Llangollen UK Town of Culture Joint Committee
3 Members.
- 6. Penodi Cynrychiolydd ar gyrff allanol.**
I adolygu a phenodi Aelodau fel cynrychiolwyr ar gyrff allanol.
(Rhifau sy'n ofynnol mewn cromfachau)
a) Eiriolwr AHNE (1)
b) Partneriaeth Cyrchfan Sir Ddinbych (1)
c) Dementia Gyfeillgar Llangollen (1).

Appointment of Representative on outside bodies
To review and appoint Members as representative on outside bodies.
(Numbers required in brackets)
a) AONB Champions (1)
b) Denbighshire Destination Partnership (1)
c) Dementia Friendly Llangollen (1)

- d) Ymddiriedolaeth John Mathews (1).
- e) Rhanu Bwyd Llangollen (1)
- f) Prosiect Parciau Llangollen (2)
- g) Seindorf Llangollen (1)
- h) Ymddiriedolaeth Ieuencid Llangollen (1).
- i) Un Llais Cymru (2)
- j) Ysgol y Gwernant (1)
- k) Ysgol Bryn Collen (1)

- d) John Mathews Trust (1)
- e) Llangollen Food Share (1)
- f) Llangollen Parks Project (2)
- g) Llangollen Silver Band (1)
- h) Llangollen Youth Trust (1)
- i) One Voice Wales (2)
- j) Ysgol y Gwernant (1)
- k) Ysgol Bryn Collen (1)

7. Aelodaeth o gyrff eraill.

I adolygu aelodaeth y Cyngor a gyflogeion o gyrff eraill.

- a) Un Llais Cymru.
- b) Cymdeithas Clercod Cynghorau Lleol.

Memberships of other bodies.

To review the Council's and employees' memberships of other bodies.

- a) One Voice Wales.
- b) Society of Local Council Clerks.

8. Cyfansoddiad.

I ystyried a mabwysiadu Cyfansoddiad Cyngor y Dref ac atodiadau ar gyfer y flwyddyn i ddod

Constitution.

To consider and adopt the Town Council's Constitution and appendices for the forthcoming year.

9. Strategaeth Fuddsoddi Flynyddol.

I ystyried a mabwysiadu Strategaeth Fuddsoddi Flynyddol a baratowyd yn unol â'r canllawiau statudol ar Fuddsoddiadau Llywodraeth Leol a gyhoeddir yw Cynulliad Cenedlaethol Cymru.

Annual Investment Strategy.

To adopt the Annual Investment Strategy prepared in accordance with the statutory guidance on Local Government Investments issued by the National Assembly for Wales.

10. Adolygu rhestr o dir ac asedau.

Derbyn manylion asedau'r Cyngor Tref.

Review of inventory of land and assets.

To receive details of the Town Councils assets.

11. Adroddiad Blynyddol.

Adroddiad Blynyddol 2025.26

Annual Report.

Annual Report 2025.26

12. Cadarnhad y ddiadau, amseroedd a leoliad cyfarfodydd.

I cadarnhau amserlen y cyfarfodydd cyffredin a phwyllgorau ar gyfer blwyddyn ddinesig 2026.27

Confirmation of dates, times, and place of meetings.

To confirm the schedule of ordinary meetings and committees for the 2026.27 municipal year

Mae adroddiadau a manylion ariannol yn
ddogfennau gwaith ac felly nid ydynt
wedi'u cyfieithu.

Reports and financial details are working
documents and are therefore not
translated

LLANGOLLEN TOWN COUNCIL CONSTITUTION



Reviewed and adopted at the Annual Council
June 2024

1. Introduction

- 1.1 This constitution sets out how the Town Council operates, how decisions are made and the procedures which are followed to ensure that decision made are lawful, open, and transparent.
- 1.2 The constitution sets out:
 - The decision-making powers of the Town Council and its committees/sub-committees.
 - The rules and procedures to be followed by the Town Council and its committees/sub-committees when transacting business.
- 1.3 The following documents are integral to the constitution and are detailed in an appendix.
 - A. Standing Orders
 - B. Financial Regulations
 - C. Publication scheme.
 - D. Scheme of Delegated
 - E. Members' Code of Conduct
 - F. Code of Conduct for Employees
 - G. Member Officer Protocol

2. Background.

- 2.1 Llangollen Town Council is a community Town Council. The Town Council came into being on 1 April 1974, following local government re-organisation and as a consequence of the Local Government Act 1972. Community and Town Councils are the tier of local government closest to the people.
- 2.2 Llangollen is a town and community, situated on the River Dee, in Denbighshire, Wales. Its riverside location forms the edge of the Berwyn range, and the Dee Valley section of the Clwydian Range and Dee Valley Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty. The Town Council's geographic area is approximately 6,016 hectares. The population of the town of Llangollen is 4079 and the town also serves the surrounding areas of Froncysyllte and Garth, Acrefair and Llantysilio, a further population of 4,260.

3. Llangollen Town Council.

- 3.1 The Town Council is a body corporate with perpetual succession and as a body corporate the Town Council its own legal rights and responsibilities and is distinct from its Members (either as individuals or collectively).
- 3.2 Its operation, assets and liabilities are its own and not those of its Members. The Town Council remains in uninterrupted existence from the moment of its creation, even if all its members vacate office, or if its membership falls so low that it is unable to act for want of a quorum. Legislation determines what the Town Council must do (its duties), what it can choose to do (its powers).

3.3 Statute underpins the Town Council's procedures and finances and governs relationships with other local bodies, groups, and organisations that the Town Council chooses to work with in the community. The council has been granted powers by Parliament or the Senedd Cymru (Welsh Parliament), including the right to raise money through taxation (the precept) and a range of powers to spend public money. The Town Council can undertake an activity only when a specific Act allows it. If the Town Council acts without a legal power or if it uses the wrong power to act, then the Town Council could be charged with acting beyond its powers (Ultra Vires).

3.4 The most useful power open to the Town Council is the General Power of Competence. The power allows eligible Community and Town Councils to do anything that an individual may do, and it can be considered a power of first resort. This means the Town Council can use the power for a commercial purpose or to trade in its ordinary functions or to support the local economy; it can give grants to individuals or fund projects outside its area (even outside Wales). To use the power the Town Council must first resolve that it is an eligible community Town Council at one of its full Town Council meetings. The general power of competence is not available to all councils but only to those that qualify by meeting the three eligibility criteria:

- Two thirds of councillors declared elected (i.e not co-opted)
- A qualified clerk (qualifications specified in regulations)
- The two most recent audits were declared unqualified by the auditor.

At present Llangollen Town Council is not an eligible Town Council.

3.5 As the Town Council cannot use the General Power of Competence it must look for specific powers confirming that it can act. If a specific power cannot be found, then it should consider Section 137 (Local Government Act 1972). S137 gives a community council the power to do anything that will benefit the community (or part of it) where there is no other specific power covering the action. If another statute prevents a council from incurring expenditure or limits the amount that may be spent, section 137 cannot be used to overrule that legislation (nor can the general power of competence).

3.6 The law gives community and town councils lots of choice in activities to undertake; but surprisingly there are very few duties, activities that they must carry out in delivering services to local people. Exceptions are that a council must:

- publish an annual report about council priorities, activities and achievements.
- publish a training plan setting out the training needs of councillors and staff.
- if its budget is £200,000 or more,
 - take reasonable steps towards meeting the objectives in the local wellbeing plan that has effect in its area and publish an annual report to show.
 - its progress towards meeting these objectives.

- provide allotments if the council considers that there is demand for them.
- from local residents and it is reasonable to do so.
- comply with its obligations under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and the Data Protection Act 2018.
- comply with employment law.
- consider the impact of their decisions on reducing crime and disorder in their area.
- seek to maintain and enhance biodiversity in carrying out their functions.

3.7 In line with the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and the principle of open government, each Community, or Town Council must have a publication scheme. This demonstrates what information is available and how it is made accessible to the public.

3.8 The Town Council also has a duty to ensure that all the rules for the administration of the council are followed. The council must:

- appoint a chair of council.
- appoint officers as appropriate for carrying out its functions.
- appoint a responsible financial officer (RFO) to manage the council's financial affairs; the RFO is often the clerk.
- appoint an independent and competent internal auditor (see below).
- ensure that meetings are arranged to enable people to attend who are not in the same place (multi-locations).
- keep records of all decisions related to council business (the minutes).
- hold an Annual Meeting of the Council in May or shortly after the local council elections.

4. Town Council Members.

4.1 Even if you are qualified to stand as a councillor and the elections were properly held, you cannot act as a councillor until you have signed a formal declaration of acceptance of office. This includes an undertaking to observe the code of conduct. A Member has a duty to act properly as a Town Councillor. In particular, you have a responsibility to:

- attend community or town council meetings when summoned to do so; the notice to attend a council meeting is, in law, a summons, because you have a duty to attend.
- prepare for meetings by studying the agenda and any enclosed documents, making sure you are properly informed about issues to be discussed, taking advice where appropriate.
- take part in meetings and form objective judgements based on what is best for the community – and then to abide by majority decisions.
- ensure, with other councillors, that the council is effectively managed.
- act on behalf of the whole electorate equally, and not just those who supported your election campaign; similarly take an interest in all issues equally and not just those local issues for which you campaigned; listen,

and then represent the views of the community when discussing council business and working with outside bodies.

- maintain proper standards of behaviour as an elected representative of the people.

4.2 Llangollen Town Council has 11 elected Town Councillors. The members individually contribute to the work of the whole Town Council by:

- attending meetings when summonsed.
- engaging in constructive debate.
- commenting on proposals to ensure the best outcome; and voting to enable the Town Council to make decisions.
- responding to the needs and views of the community.
- representing their constituents.
- suggesting ideas.

4.3 Members are elected to office and normally serve on the Town Council for a term of five years. The most recent election was held on 5 May 2022. A Town Councillor is a holder of a public office, not a volunteer, and can receive a range of mandatory payments. An individual Member may make a personal decision to elect to forgo part or all of the entitlement to any of these payments.

5. Decision making and the delegation of powers.

5.1 Whenever the Town Council conducts business, it must ensure that the decisions it takes are both lawful and reasonable. It cannot use unlawful practices and procedures to make decisions, nor should it act beyond its powers.

5.2 Under specific powers contained in the Local Government Act 1972, Section 101, the Town Council may arrange for the discharge of any of its functions by a committee, a sub-committee, an officer of the Town Council or by any other local authority.

5.3 Given the business of the Town Council is quite varied it has chosen to discharge most (but not all) of its functions by authorising its various committees and where appropriate its sub-committees to make decisions on its behalf. The extent of the delegation of powers to these bodies is set out under their terms of reference and is referred to the Town Council's established scheme of delegation.

5.4 The scheme also forms part of the Town Council's standing orders. Individual members are not able to make decisions on behalf of the Town Council; not even the Chairman of Town Council as this is unlawful.

6. Conducting business.

6.1 The Town Council conducts its business by the Clerk convening formal Town Council and committee meetings to which members are summoned to attend.

These meetings are supported by formal agendas compiled, sanctioned, and authenticated by the Clerk which specify the business to be transacted.

6.2 The Town Council has appointed standing committees (committees which meet on an on-going basis) which enjoy delegated powers to make decisions on the Town Council's behalf. However, where a committee has no delegated power to make a decision on behalf of the Town Council when exercising specific functional responsibilities, it will instead make 'recommendations' to the Town Council as opposed to passing 'resolutions.

6.3 The Town Council's standing committees are currently the:

- 1) Asset Management Committee.
- 2) Ecology, Climate and Cittaslow Committee.
- 3) Human Resources Committee.

7. Meetings and procedure of the Town Council general.

7.1 The Town Council by law must meet annually. In an ordinary election year of Community Councillors, the annual meeting must take place on, or within fourteen days after the day on which the Town Councillors were elected. In any other year it may be held on any day in May as the Town Council may determine.

7.3 In addition to the annual meeting, the Town Council may hold such number of other meetings (known as ordinary meetings) as deemed necessary for the transaction of its business. Such meetings may be held by virtue of Town Council standing orders or may be specially convened. Town Council meetings are held at 6.00 pm on the third Tuesday of every month (except August).

7.3 An ordinary meeting is called by the Clerk in pursuance of statutory rules or under standing orders and includes a meeting convened by the individual to elect the Chairman of Town Council when a casual vacancy has arisen in the chair.

7.4 Under Section 47 of the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021, the Town Council must make and publish arrangements for its meetings to ensure they can take place in a manner which enables people who are not in the same place to meet. Under these arrangements, meetings must be capable of being held remotely (multilocation) but meetings are not required to be held in a particular way. The Town Council is not permitted to resolve that all of its meetings will be held entirely on a physical face to face basis.

7.5 The Town Council is required to ensure that meeting participants (Town Councillors, members of the public and press) can join meetings remotely. The details of the Town Council's meeting arrangements are published on its website and public notice board.

8. Notice of meetings.

8.1 At least three clear days (not including the days of issue and meeting) before a Town Council meeting takes place, or if the meeting is convened at shorter notice at the time it is convened, a notice of the time and place of the meeting will be displayed on the Town Council's website and public notice board. However, the chair of a committee or sub-committee can call a meeting at 24 hours' notice if a matter to be discussed is considered to be urgent.

8.2 In addition to the public notice, the Clerk (as proper officer) will sanction, authenticate and serve a summons on every Member to attend, specifying the business to be transacted (agenda). The summons must be sent to members electronically. However, if a member wishes to receive the summons as a written paper copy rather than electronically, the member must give notice in writing to the Clerk and specify the postal address to which the summons should be left at or sent by post. The business specified in it (the agenda) will be presented in such a way so the Member who receives it can identify the matters to be discussed. The Town Council cannot lawfully decide any matter which is not specified in the summons.

9. Decisions

9.1 Every item of business included on a meeting agenda requiring a decision must be decided by a majority of those members present and voting thereon. In the case of an equality of votes the Chairman has a casting vote, as well as an original vote.

10 Minutes and meeting notes.

10.1 The Town Council has a duty by law to keep a record of its meetings the Minutes. They must be signed/authenticated at the same or the next following meeting by the presiding Chairman. The Town Council's minutes are recorded on loose leaves and are consecutively numbered. Minutes are not meant to be a verbatim record of a whole meeting, but some background context of the decision taken may be necessary.

10.2 The minutes are signed/authenticated as to their accuracy. It is not permitted to reopen discussion on a decision recorded in the minutes unless there is a specific item on the agenda relating to that decision.

10.3 To expedite the work of its committees/sub-committees the Town Council receives and confirms the accuracy of the minutes generated from those bodies on a cyclical basis at its next following monthly meeting.

10.4 Not later than seven working days of a Town Council meeting, the Town Council must publish electronically a note setting out: the names of the members who attended the meeting, and any apologies for absence; any declarations of interest; and any decisions taken at the meeting, including the outcome of any votes. This requirement does not apply to any Town Council business taken in private or where disclosure would be detrimental to acting on those decisions.

11. Admission to meetings.

11.1 The Public Bodies (Admission to Meetings) Act 1960 Section 1, extended by the Local Government Act 1972 Section 100, and the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021 provides that meetings of the Town Council (including committees/sub-committees) shall be open to the press and public. Provision is made for excluding the public and press by resolution when confidential business is being considered (or for other special reasons stated in the resolution) and publicity would be prejudicial to the public interest. As a general rule of thumb some items, such as staff details, tendering discussions, contractual negotiations, legal proceedings and sensitive disputes should not be discussed in public.

12. Public participation.

12.1 The Town Council is required to facilitate public participation at its full Town Council meetings, but this requirement does not apply to its committee and subcommittee meetings. Public participation does not mean that members of the public can take part in debate, but they must be given a reasonable opportunity at the beginning of the meeting to ask questions or make representations about the business to be discussed or transacted at the meeting and which is open for public discussion. Confidential business is excluded. Town Council officers and invited guests may speak during meetings.

APPENDIX A

STANDING ORDERS

INTRODUCTION

This is a new version of the model standing orders designed to comply with all relevant legislation including the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021. (May 2023)

How to use model standing orders

Standing orders are the written rules of a local council. Standing orders are essential to regulate the proceedings of a meeting. A council may also use standing orders to confirm or refer to various internal organisational and administrative arrangements. The standing orders of a council are not the same as the policies of a council but standing orders may refer to them.

Local councils operate within a wide statutory framework. These model standing orders incorporate and reference many statutory requirements to which councils are subject. It is not possible for the model standing orders to contain or reference all the statutory or legal requirements which apply to local councils. For example, it is not practical for model standing orders to document all obligations under data protection legislation. The statutory requirements to which a council is subject apply whether or not they are incorporated in a council's standing orders.

The model standing orders do not include model financial regulations. Financial regulations are standing orders to regulate and control the financial affairs and accounting procedures of a local council. The financial regulations, as opposed to the standing orders of a council, include most of the requirements relevant to the council's Responsible Financial Officer. Model financial regulations are available to councils in membership of One Voice Wales (OVW).

1. RULES OF DEBATE AT MEETINGS

- a Motions on the agenda shall be considered in the order that they appear unless the order is changed at the discretion of the chair of the meeting.
- b A motion (including an amendment) shall not be progressed unless it has been moved and seconded.
- c A motion on the agenda that is not moved by its proposer may be treated by the chair of the meeting as withdrawn.
- d If a motion (including an amendment) has been seconded, it may be withdrawn by the proposer only with the consent of the seconder and the meeting.
- e An amendment is a proposal to remove or add words to a motion. It shall not negate the motion.

- f If an amendment to the original motion is carried, the original motion (as amended) becomes the substantive motion upon which further amendment(s) may be moved.
- g An amendment shall not be considered unless early verbal notice of it is given at the meeting and, if requested by the chair of the meeting, is expressed in writing to the chair.
- h A councillor may move an amendment to their own motion if agreed by the meeting. If a motion has already been seconded, the amendment shall be with the consent of the seconder and the meeting.
- i If there is more than one amendment to an original or substantive motion, the amendments shall be moved in the order directed by the chair of the meeting.
- j Subject to standing order 1(k), only one amendment shall be moved and debated at a time, the order of which shall be directed by the chair of the meeting.
- k One or more amendments may be discussed together if the chair of the meeting considers this expedient but each amendment shall be voted upon separately.
- l A councillor may not move more than one amendment to an original or substantive motion.
- m The mover of an amendment has no right of reply at the end of debate on it.
- n Where a series of amendments to an original motion are carried, the mover of the original motion shall have a right of reply either at the end of debate on the first amendment or at the very end of debate on the final substantive motion immediately before it is put to the vote.
- o Unless permitted by the chair of the meeting, a councillor may speak once in the debate on a motion except:
 - i. to speak on an amendment moved by another councillor;
 - ii. to move or speak on another amendment if the motion has been amended since they last spoke;
 - iii. to make a point of order;
 - iv. to give a personal explanation; or
 - v. to exercise a right of reply.
- p During the debate on a motion, a councillor may interrupt only on a point of order or a personal explanation and the councillor who was interrupted shall stop speaking. A councillor raising a point of order shall identify the standing order which they consider has been breached or specify the other irregularity in the proceedings of the meeting they are concerned by.
- q A point of order shall be decided by the chair of the meeting and their decision

shall be final.

- r When a motion is under debate, no other motion shall be moved except:
- i. to amend the motion;
 - ii. to proceed to the next business;
 - iii. to adjourn the debate;
 - iv. to put the motion to a vote;
 - v. to ask a person to be no longer heard or to leave the meeting;
 - vi. to refer a motion to a committee or sub-committee for consideration;
 - vii. to exclude the public and press;
 - viii. to adjourn the meeting; or
 - ix. to suspend particular standing order(s) excepting those which reflect mandatory statutory or legal requirements.
- s Before an original or substantive motion is put to the vote, the chair of the meeting shall be satisfied that the motion has been sufficiently debated and that the mover of the motion under debate has exercised or waived their right of reply.
- t Excluding motions moved under standing order 1(r), the contributions or speeches by a councillor shall relate only to the motion under discussion and shall not exceed () minutes without the consent of the chair of the meeting.

2. DISORDERLY CONDUCT AT MEETINGS

- a No person shall obstruct the transaction of business at a meeting or behave offensively or improperly. If this standing order is ignored, the chair of the meeting shall request such person(s) to moderate or improve their conduct.
- b If person(s) disregard the request of the chair of the meeting to moderate or improve their conduct, any councillor or the chair of the meeting may move that the person be no longer heard or be excluded from the meeting. The motion, if seconded, shall be put to the vote without discussion.
- c If a resolution made under standing order 2(b) is ignored, the chair of the meeting may take further reasonable steps to restore order or to progress the meeting. This may include temporarily suspending or closing the meeting.

3. MEETINGS GENERALLY

Full Council meetings



- Committee meetings ●
- Sub-committee meetings ●

a Notices of meetings

- i. The notice (including how the meeting may be accessed virtually, if applicable) must be published electronically and in a conspicuous place in the community at least three clear days before the meeting, or if the meeting is convened at shorter notice, at the time it is convened.
- ii. If a member wants to receive the summons in writing rather than electronically to the address allocated to them or notified as their address to the clerk, they must give notice in writing to the clerk and specify the postal address to which the summons should be sent.
- iii. The notice must provide details about how to access the meeting remotely, and the time and place of the meeting. The place may be omitted if the meeting is held by remote means only.
- iv. In exceptional circumstances, a meeting of a committee or sub-committee of the council may be called at shorter notice. In which case, notices should be published with at least 24 hours' notice.

These notice requirements also apply where a formal meeting is taking place which is not open to the public.

b Multi-location meetings

- i. All community councils must make and publish arrangements for its meetings to enable people who are not in the same place to meet. Under the arrangements, councils will need to take reasonable steps to allow meetings to be held from multiple locations. If the arrangements are revised or replaced the new arrangements must also be published.
- ii. The minimum requirement is that members are able to hear and be heard by others.

Meetings Generally – Other.

- a **The minimum three clear days for notice of a meeting does not include the day on which the notice was issued, the day of the meeting, a Sunday, a day of the Christmas break, a day of the Easter break or of a bank holiday or a day appointed for public thanksgiving or mourning.**
- b **The minimum three clear days' public notice for a meeting does not include the day on which the notice was issued or the day of the meeting unless the meeting is convened at shorter notice**
- c **Meetings shall be open to the public unless their presence is**
- **prejudicial to the public interest by reason of the confidential**

nature of the business to be transacted or for other special reasons. The public and the press's exclusion from part or all of a meeting shall be by a resolution which shall give reasons for the public and the press to be excluded.

- d The person presiding over the meeting must give members of the public in attendance a reasonable opportunity to make representations about any business to be discussed at the meeting, unless doing so is likely to prejudice the effective conduct of the meeting. This does not mean that members of the public can take part in debate, but they must be given a reasonable opportunity to make representations about business to be discussed.
- e The period of time designated for public participation at a meeting in accordance with standing order 3(d) shall not exceed 15 minutes unless directed otherwise by the chair of the meeting.
- f Subject to standing order 3(e), a member of the public shall not speak for more than 3 minutes.
- g In accordance with standing order 3(d), a question shall not require a response at the meeting nor start a debate on the question. The chair of the meeting may direct that a written or oral response be given.
- h A person shall raise their hand when requesting to speak and stand when speaking (except when a person has a disability or is likely to suffer discomfort)]. The chair of the meeting may at any time permit a person to be seated when speaking.
- i A person who speaks at a meeting shall direct their comments to the chair of the meeting.
- j Only one person is permitted to speak at a time. If more than one person wants to speak, the chair of the meeting shall direct the order of speaking.
- k **Photographing, recording, broadcasting or transmitting the proceedings of a meeting by any means is not permitted without the Council's consent.**
- l **The press shall be provided with reasonable facilities for the taking of their report of all or part of a meeting at which they are entitled to be present.**
- m **Subject to standing orders which indicate otherwise, anything authorised or required to be done by, to or before the Chair of the Council may in their absence be done by, to or before the Vice-Chair of the Council (if there is one).**
- n **The Chair of the Council, if present, shall preside at a meeting. If**

the Chair is absent from a meeting, the Vice-Chair of the Council (if there is one), if present, shall preside. If both the Chair and the Vice-Chair are absent from a meeting, a councillor as chosen by the councillors present at the meeting shall preside at the meeting.

- o **Subject to a meeting being quorate, all questions at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of the councillors and non-councillors with voting rights present and voting.**

- p **The chair of a meeting may give an original vote on any matter put to the vote, and in the case of an equality of votes may exercise their casting vote whether or not they gave an original vote.**

See standing orders 5(h) and (i) for the different rules that apply in the election of the Chair of the Council at the annual meeting of the Council.

- q **Unless standing orders provide otherwise, voting on a question shall be by a show of hands. At the request of a councillor, the voting on any question shall be recorded so as to show whether each councillor present and voting gave their vote for or against that question.** Such a request shall be made before moving on to the next item of business on the agenda.

- r The minutes of a meeting shall include an accurate record of the following:
 - i. the time and place of the meeting;
 - ii. the names of councillors who are present and the names of councillors who are absent;
 - iii. interests that have been declared by councillors and non-councillors with voting rights;
 - iv. the grant of dispensations (if any) to councillors and non-councillors with voting rights;
 - v. whether a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights left the meeting when matters that they held interests in were being considered;
 - vi. if there was a public participation session; and
 - vii. the resolutions made.

- s **A councillor or a non-councillor with voting rights who has a personal or prejudicial interest in a matter being considered at a meeting which limits or restricts their right to participate in a discussion or vote on that matter is subject to obligations in the code of conduct adopted by the Council.**

- t **No business may be transacted at a meeting unless at least one-third of the whole number of members of the Council are present and in no case shall the quorum of a meeting be less than three.**
See standing order 4(d)(viii) for the quorum of a committee or sub-committee meeting.
- u **If a meeting is or becomes inquorate no business shall be transacted** and the meeting shall be closed. The business on the agenda for the meeting shall be adjourned to another meeting.
- v A meeting shall not exceed a period of 2 hours.

4. COMMITTEES AND SUB-COMMITTEES

- a **Unless the Council determines otherwise, a committee may appoint a sub-committee whose terms of reference and members shall be determined by the committee.**
- b **The members of a committee may include non-councillors unless it is a committee which regulates and controls the finances of the Council.**
- c **Unless the Council determines otherwise, all the members of an advisory committee and a sub-committee of the advisory committee may be non-councillors.**
- d The Council may appoint standing committees or other committees as may be necessary, and:
 - i. shall determine their terms of reference;
 - ii. shall determine the number and time of the ordinary meetings of a standing committee up until the date of the next annual meeting of the Council;
 - iii. shall permit a committee, other than in respect of the ordinary meetings of a committee, to determine the number and time of its meetings;
 - iv. shall, subject to standing orders 4(b) and (c), appoint and determine the terms of office of members of such a committee;
 - v. may, subject to standing orders 4(b) and (c), appoint and determine the terms of office of the substitute members to a committee whose role is to replace the ordinary members at a meeting of a committee if the ordinary members of the committee confirm to the Proper Officer 10 days before the meeting that they are unable to attend;
 - vi. shall, after it has appointed the members of a standing committee, appoint the chair of the standing committee;
 - vii. shall permit a committee other than a standing committee, to appoint its own chair at the first meeting of the committee;
 - viii. shall determine the place, notice requirements and quorum for a meeting of

a committee and a sub-committee which, in both cases, shall be no less than three;

- ix. shall determine if the public may participate at a meeting of a committee;
- x. shall determine if the public and press are permitted to attend the meetings of a sub-committee and also the advance public notice requirements, if any, required for the meetings of a sub-committee;
- xi. shall determine if the public may participate at a meeting of a sub-committee that they are permitted to attend; and
- xii. may dissolve a committee or a sub-committee.

5. ORDINARY COUNCIL MEETINGS

- a **In an election year, the annual meeting of the Council shall be held on or within 14 days following the day on which the councillors elected take office.**
- b **In a year which is not an election year, the annual meeting of the Council shall be held on such day in May as the Council decides.**
- c **If no other time is fixed, the annual meeting of the Council shall take place at 6pm.**
- d **In addition to the annual meeting of the Council, any number of other ordinary meetings may be held in each year on such dates and times as the Council decides.**
- e **The first business conducted at the annual meeting of the Council shall be the election of the Chair and Vice-Chair (if there is one) of the Council.**
- f **The Chair of the Council, unless they have resigned or become disqualified, shall continue in office and preside at the annual meeting until their successor is elected at the next annual meeting of the Council.**
- g **The Vice-Chair of the Council if there is one, unless they resign or become disqualified, shall hold office until immediately after the election of the Chair of the Council at the next annual meeting of the Council.**
- h **In an election year, if the current Chair of the Council has not been re-elected as a member of the Council, they shall preside at the annual meeting until a successor Chair of the Council has been elected. The current Chair of the Council shall not have an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chair of the Council but shall give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.**
- i **In an election year, if the current Chair of the Council has been re-elected as a member of the Council, they shall preside at the annual meeting until a new Chair of the Council has been elected. They may exercise an original vote in**

respect of the election of the new Chair of the Council and shall give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.

- j Following the election of the Chair of the Council and Vice-Chair (if there is one) of the Council at the annual meeting, the business shall include:
- i. **In an election year, delivery by the Chair of the Council and councillors of their acceptance of office forms unless the Council resolves for this to be done at a later date. In a year which is not an election year, delivery by the Chair of the Council of their acceptance of office form unless the Council resolves for this to be done at a later date;**
 - ii. Confirmation of the accuracy of the minutes of the last meeting of the Council;
 - iii. Receipt of the minutes of the last meeting of a committee;
 - iv. Consideration of the recommendations made by a committee;
 - v. Review of delegation arrangements to committees, sub-committees, staff and other local authorities;
 - vi. Review of the terms of reference for committees;
 - vii. Appointment of members to existing committees;
 - viii. Appointment of any new committees in accordance with standing order 4;
 - ix. Review and adoption of appropriate standing orders and financial regulations;
 - x. Review of the eligibility criteria for the use of the general power of competence
 - xi. Review and adoption of the council's annual report
 - xii. Review and adoption of the council's training plan
 - xiii. Review of arrangements (including legal agreements) with other local authorities, not-for-profit bodies and businesses;
 - xiv. Review of representation on or work with external bodies and arrangements for reporting back;
 - xv. Review of inventory of land and other assets including buildings and office equipment;
 - xvi. Confirmation of arrangements for insurance cover in respect of all insurable risks;
 - xvii. Review of the Council's and/or staff subscriptions to other bodies;
 - xviii. Review of the Council's complaints procedure;

- xix. Review of the Council's policies, procedures and practices in respect of its obligations under freedom of information and data protection legislation (*see also standing orders 11, 20 and 21*);
- xx. Review of the Council's policy for dealing with the press/media;
- xxi. Review of the Council's employment policies and procedures;
- xxii. Review of the Council's expenditure incurred under s.137 of the Local Government Act 1972
- xxiii. Determining the time and place of ordinary meetings of the Council up to and including the next annual meeting of the Council.

6. EXTRAORDINARY MEETINGS OF THE COUNCIL, COMMITTEES AND SUB-COMMITTEES

- a **The Chair of the Council may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council at any time.**
- b **If the Chair of the Council does not call an extraordinary meeting of the Council within seven days of having been requested in writing to do so by two councillors, any two councillors may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council. The public notice giving the time, place and agenda for such a meeting shall be signed by the two councillors.**
- c The chair of a committee or a sub-committee may convene an extraordinary meeting of the committee or the sub-committee at any time.
- d If the chair of a committee or a sub-committee does not call an extraordinary meeting within 7 days of having been requested to do so by 3 members of the committee or the sub-committee, any 3 members of the committee or the sub-committee may convene an extraordinary meeting of the committee or the sub-committee.

7. PREVIOUS RESOLUTIONS

- a A resolution shall not be reversed within six months except either by a special motion, which requires written notice by at least 3 councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 9, or by a motion moved in pursuance of the recommendation of a committee or a sub-committee.
- b When a motion moved pursuant to standing order 7(a) has been disposed of, no similar motion may be moved for a further six months.

8. VOTING ON APPOINTMENTS

- a Where more than two persons have been nominated for a position to be filled by

the Council and none of those persons has received an absolute majority of votes in their favour, the name of the person having the least number of votes shall be struck off the list and a fresh vote taken. This process shall continue until a majority of votes is given in favour of one person. A tie in votes may be settled by the casting vote exercisable by the chair of the meeting.

9. MOTIONS FOR A MEETING THAT REQUIRES WRITTEN NOTICE TO BE GIVEN TO THE PROPER OFFICER

- a A motion shall relate to the responsibilities of the meeting for which it is tabled and in any event shall relate to the performance of the Council's statutory functions, powers and obligations or an issue which specifically affects the Council's area or its residents.
- b No motion may be moved at a meeting unless it is on the agenda and the mover has given written notice of its wording to the Proper Officer at least 10 clear days before the meeting. Clear days do not include the day of the notice or the day of the meeting.
- c The Proper Officer may, before including a motion on the agenda, received in accordance with standing order 9(b), correct obvious grammatical or typographical errors in the wording of the motion.
- d If the Proper Officer considers the wording of a motion received in accordance with standing order 9(b) is not clear in meaning, the motion shall be rejected until the mover of the motion re-submits it, so that it can be understood, in writing, to the Proper Officer at least 10 clear days before the meeting.
- e If the wording or subject of a proposed motion is considered improper, the Proper Officer shall consult with the chair of the forthcoming meeting or, as the case may be, the councillors who have convened the meeting, to consider whether the motion shall be included in the agenda or rejected.
- f The decision of the Proper Officer as to whether or not to include the motion on the agenda shall be final.
- g Motions received shall be recorded and numbered in the order that they are received.
- h Motions rejected shall be recorded with an explanation by the Proper Officer of the reason for rejection.

10. MOTIONS AT A MEETING THAT DO NOT REQUIRE WRITTEN NOTICE

- a The following motions may be moved at a meeting without written notice to the Proper Officer:
 - i to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes of a meeting;
 - ii to move to a vote;

- iii. to defer consideration of a motion;
- iv. to refer a motion to a particular committee or sub-committee;
- v. to appoint a person to preside at a meeting;
- vi. to change the order of business on the agenda;
- vii. to proceed to the next business on the agenda;
- viii. to require a written report;
- ix. to appoint a committee or sub-committee and their members;
- x. to extend the time limits for speaking;
- xi. to exclude the press and public from a meeting in respect of confidential or other information which is prejudicial to the public interest;
- xii. to not hear further from a councillor or a member of the public;
- xiii. to exclude a councillor or member of the public for disorderly conduct;
- xiv. to temporarily suspend the meeting;
- xv. to suspend a particular standing order (unless it reflects mandatory statutory or legal requirements);
- xvi. to adjourn the meeting; or
- xvii. to close the meeting.

11. MANAGEMENT OF INFORMATION

See also standing order 20.

- a **The Council shall have in place and keep under review, technical and organisational measures to keep secure information (including personal data) which it holds in paper and electronic form. Such arrangements shall include deciding who has access to personal data and encryption of personal data. Such date will include recordings of meetings held by the Council.**
- b **The Council shall have in place, and keep under review, policies for the retention and safe destruction of all information (including personal data) which it holds in paper, recorded and electronic form. The Council's retention policy shall confirm the period for which information (including personal data) shall be retained or if this is not possible the criteria used to determine that period (e.g., the Limitation Act 1980).**
- c **The agenda, papers that support the agenda and the minutes of a meeting shall not disclose or otherwise undermine confidential information or personal data without legal justification.**
- d **Councillors, staff, the Council's contractors and agents shall not disclose**

confidential information or personal data without legal justification.

12. DRAFT MINUTES

- a If the draft minutes of a preceding meeting have been served on councillors with the agenda to attend the meeting at which they are due to be approved for accuracy, they shall be taken as read.
- b There shall be no discussion about the draft minutes of a preceding meeting except in relation to their accuracy. A motion to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes shall be moved in accordance with standing order 10(a)(i).
- c The accuracy of draft minutes, including any amendment(s) made to them, shall be confirmed by resolution and shall be signed by the chair of the meeting and stand as an accurate record of the meeting to which the minutes relate.
- d If the chair of the meeting does not consider the minutes to be an accurate record of the meeting to which they relate, they shall sign the minutes and include a paragraph in the following terms or to the same effect:

“The chair of this meeting does not believe that the minutes of the meeting of the () held on [date] in respect of () were a correct record but their view was not upheld by the meeting and the minutes are confirmed as an accurate record of the proceedings.”

- e Subject to standing order 20(a) and following a resolution which confirms the accuracy of the minutes of a meeting, the draft minutes or recordings of the meeting for which approved minutes exist shall be destroyed.

- f) **no later than seven working days of a council meeting, the council must publish electronically a note setting out:**

- **The names of the members who attended the meeting, and any apologies for absence;**
- **Any declarations of interest; and**
- **Any decisions taken at the meeting, including the outcomes of any votes.**
- **The requirements regarding the note to be published after a council meeting do not apply for private business or where disclosure would be detrimental to acting on those decisions.**

13. CODE OF CONDUCT AND DISPENSATIONS

See also standing order 3(s).

- a **Councillors and non-councillors with voting rights shall observe the code of**

conduct adopted by the Council.

- b All councillors and non-councillors with voting rights shall undertake training in the code of conduct within six months of the delivery of their acceptance of office form.
- c **Dispensation requests shall be in writing and submitted to the standards committee of the [County Borough] OR [County Council]** as soon as possible before the meeting that the dispensation is required for.

14. CODE OF CONDUCT COMPLAINTS

- a Upon notification by the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales that it is dealing with a complaint that a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights has breached the Council's code of conduct, the Proper Officer shall, subject to standing order 13, report this to the Council.
- b Where the notification in standing order 14(a) relates to a complaint made by the Proper Officer, the Proper Officer shall notify the Chair of Council of this fact, and the Chair shall nominate another staff member to assume the duties of the Proper Officer in relation to the complaint until it has been determined.
- c The Council may:
 - i. provide information or evidence where such disclosure is necessary to investigate the complaint or is a legal requirement;
 - ii. seek information relevant to the complaint from the person or body with statutory responsibility for investigation of the matter;
 - iii. indemnify the councillor or non-councillor with voting rights in respect of their related legal costs and any such indemnity is subject to approval by a meeting of the Council.

15. PROPER OFFICER

- a The Proper Officer shall be either (i) the clerk or (ii) other staff member(s) nominated by the Council to undertake the work of the Proper Officer when the Proper Officer is absent.
 - i. The Proper Officer shall **at least three clear days before a meeting of the council, a committee** or a sub-committee:
 - a) Arrange for the serving of the notice (including how the meeting may be accessed virtually, (if applicable) which must be published electronically and in a conspicuous place in the community at least three clear days before the meeting, or if the meeting is convened at shorter notice, at the time it is convened.
 - b) If a member wants to receive the summons in writing rather than

electronically, they must give notice in writing to the clerk and specify the postal address to which the summons should be sent.

c) The notice must provide details about how to access the meeting remotely, and the time and place of the meeting. The place may be omitted if the meeting is held by remote means only.

d) The notice must be available in a conspicuous place giving notice of the time, place and agenda (provided that the public notice with agenda of an extraordinary meeting of the Council convened by councillors is signed by them) and published electronically with notice of the time and place and, as far as reasonably practicable, any documents relating to the business to be transacted at the meeting unless they relate to business which is likely to be considered in private or if their disclosure would be contrary to any enactment.

See standing order 3(b)(a) for the meaning of clear days for a meeting of a full council and for a meeting of a committee;

- ii. subject to standing order 9, include on the agenda all motions in the order received unless a councillor has given written notice at least 10 days before the meeting confirming their withdrawal of it;
- iii. **convene a meeting of Council for the election of a new Chair of the Council, occasioned by a casual vacancy in their office;**
- iv. **facilitate inspection of the minute book by local government electors;**
- v. **receive and retain copies of byelaws made by other local authorities;**
- vi. hold acceptance of office forms from councillors;
- vii. hold a copy of every councillor's register of interests where the Council has resolved to require councillors to declare interests upfront;
- viii. assist with responding to requests made under freedom of information legislation and rights exercisable under data protection legislation, in accordance with the Council's relevant policies and procedures;
- ix. liaise, as appropriate, with the Council's Data Protection Officer (if there is one);
- x. receive and send general correspondence and notices on behalf of the Council except where there is a resolution to the contrary;
- xi. assist in the organisation of, storage of, access to, security of and destruction of information held by the Council in paper and electronic form subject to the requirements of freedom of information and data protection legislation and other legitimate requirements (e.g., the Limitation Act 1980);
- xii. arrange for legal deeds to be executed;

See also standing order 23;

- xiii. arrange or manage the prompt authorisation, approval, and instruction regarding any payments to be made by the Council in accordance with its financial regulations;
- xiv. record every planning application notified to the Council and the Council's response to the local planning authority in a book or file for such purpose;
- xv. refer a planning application received by the Council to the Chair or in their absence Vice-Chair of the Planning Committee within two working days of receipt to facilitate an extraordinary meeting if the nature of a planning application requires consideration before the next ordinary meeting of the Planning Committee;
- xvi. manage access to information about the Council via the publication scheme; and
- xvii. retain custody of the seal of the Council (if there is one) which shall not be used without a resolution to that effect.
See also standing order 23.

16. RESPONSIBLE FINANCIAL OFFICER

- a The Council shall appoint appropriate staff member(s) to undertake the work of the Responsible Financial Officer when the Responsible Financial Officer is absent.

17. ACCOUNTS AND ACCOUNTING STATEMENTS

- a "Proper practices" in standing orders refer to the most recent version of "Governance and Accountability for Local Councils in Wales – A Practitioners' Guide."
- b All payments by the Council shall be authorised, approved and paid in accordance with the law, proper practices and the Council's financial regulations.
- c The Responsible Financial Officer shall supply to each councillor as soon as practicable after 30 June, 30 September and 31 December in each year a statement to summarise:
 - i. the Council's receipts and payments (or income and expenditure) for each quarter;
 - ii. the Council's aggregate receipts and payments (or income and expenditure) for the year to date;
 - iii. the balances held at the end of the quarter being reported and
which includes a comparison with the budget for the financial year and highlights any actual or potential overspends.
- d As soon as possible after the financial year end at 31 March, the Responsible

Financial Officer shall provide:

- i. each councillor with a statement summarising the Council's receipts and payments (or income and expenditure) for the last quarter and the year to date for information; and
 - ii. to the Council the accounting statements for the year in the form of Section 2 of the annual governance and accountability return, as required by proper practices, for consideration and approval.
- e The year-end accounting statements shall be prepared in accordance with proper practices and apply the form of accounts determined by the Council (receipts and payments or income and expenditure) for the year to 31 March. A completed draft annual governance and accountability return shall be presented to all councillors at least 14 days prior to anticipated approval by the Council. The annual governance and accountability return of the Council, which is subject to external audit, including the annual governance statement, shall be presented to the Council for consideration and formal approval before 30 June.

18. FINANCIAL CONTROLS AND PROCUREMENT

- a The Council shall consider and approve financial regulations drawn up by the Responsible Financial Officer, which shall include detailed arrangements in respect of the following:
 - i. the keeping of accounting records and systems of internal controls;
 - ii. the assessment and management of financial risks faced by the Council;
 - iii. the work of the independent internal auditor in accordance with proper practices and the receipt of regular reports from the internal auditor, which shall be required at least annually;
 - iv. the inspection and copying by councillors and local electors of the Council's accounts and/or orders of payments; and
 - v. whether contracts with an estimated value below £25,000 due to special circumstances are exempt from a tendering process or procurement exercise.
- b Financial regulations shall be reviewed regularly and at least annually for fitness of purpose.
- c **A public contract regulated by the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 with an estimated value in excess of £25,000 but less than the relevant thresholds referred to in standing order 17(f) is subject to the "light touch" arrangements under Regulations 109-114 of the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 unless it proposes to use an existing list of approved suppliers (framework agreement).**
- d Subject to additional requirements in the financial regulations of the Council, the tender process for contracts for the supply of goods, materials, services or the

execution of works shall include, as a minimum, the following steps:

- i. a specification for the goods, materials, services or the execution of works shall be drawn up;
 - ii. an invitation to tender shall be drawn up to confirm (i) the Council's specification (ii) the time, date and address for the submission of tenders (iii) the date of the Council's written response to the tender and (iv) the prohibition on prospective contractors contacting councillors or staff to encourage or support their tender outside the prescribed process;
 - iii. the invitation to tender shall be advertised in a local newspaper and in any other manner that is appropriate;
 - iv. tenders are to be submitted in writing in a sealed marked envelope addressed to the Proper Officer;
 - v. tenders shall be opened by the Proper Officer in the presence of at least one councillor after the deadline for submission of tenders has passed;
 - vi. tenders are to be reported to and considered by the appropriate meeting of the Council or a committee or sub-committee with delegated responsibility.
- e Neither the Council, nor a committee or a sub-committee with delegated responsibility for considering tenders, is bound to accept the lowest value tender.
- f **Where the value of a contract is likely to exceed the threshold specified by the Office of Government Commerce from time to time, the Council must consider whether the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 or the Utilities Contracts Regulations 2016 apply to the contract and, if either of those Regulations apply, the Council must comply with procurement rules.**

19. HANDLING STAFF MATTERS

- a A matter personal to a member of staff that is being considered by a meeting of Llangollen Town Council or the Management and Establishment Committee subject to standing order 11.
- b Subject to the Council's policy regarding absences from work, the Council's most senior member of staff shall notify the chair of the Management and Establishment Committee or, if they are not available, the vice-chair (if there is one) of Management and Establishment Committee of absence occasioned by illness or other reason and that person shall report such absence to Management and Establishment Committee at its next meeting.
- c The chair of Management and Establishment Committee or in their absence, the vice-chair shall upon a resolution conduct a review of the performance and annual appraisal of the work of Town Clerk The reviews and appraisal shall be reported in writing and are subject to approval by resolution by Human Resources Committee.

- d Subject to the Council's policy regarding the handling of grievance matters, the Council's most senior member of staff (or other members of staff) shall contact the chair of Management and Establishment Committee or in their absence, the vice-chair Management and Establishment Committee in respect of an informal or formal grievance matter, and this matter shall be reported back and progressed by resolution of Management and Establishment Committee.
- e Subject to the Council's policy regarding the handling of grievance matters, if an informal or formal grievance matter raised by [the member of staff's job title] relates to the chair or vice-chair of Management and Establishment Committee, this shall be communicated to another member of Management and Establishment Committee, which shall be reported back and progressed by resolution of Management and Establishment Committee
- f Any persons responsible for all or part of the management of staff shall treat as confidential the written records of all meetings relating to their performance, capabilities, grievance or disciplinary matters.
- g In accordance with standing order 11(a), persons with line management responsibilities shall have access to staff records referred to in standing order 19(f).

20. RESPONSIBILITIES TO PROVIDE INFORMATION

See also standing order 21.

- a **In accordance with freedom of information legislation, the Council shall publish information in accordance with its publication scheme and respond to requests for information held by the Council.**

21. RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER DATA PROTECTION LEGISLATION

(Below is not an exclusive list).

See also standing order 11.

- a The Council may appoint a Data Protection Officer.
- b **The Council shall have policies and procedures in place to respond to an individual exercising statutory rights concerning their personal data.**
- c **The Council shall have a written policy in place for responding to and managing a personal data breach.**
- d **The Council shall keep a record of all personal data breaches comprising the facts relating to the personal data breach, its effects and the remedial action taken.**
- e **The Council shall ensure that information communicated in its privacy notice(s) is in an easily accessible and available form and kept up to date.**
- f **The Council shall maintain a written record of its processing activities.**

22. RELATIONS WITH THE PRESS/MEDIA

- a Requests from the press or other media for an oral or written comment or statement from the Council, its councillors or staff shall be handled in accordance with the Council's policy in respect of dealing with the press and/or other media.

23. EXECUTION AND SEALING OF LEGAL DEEDS

See also standing orders 15(b)(xii) and (xvii).

- a A legal deed shall not be executed on behalf of the Council unless authorised by a resolution.

Subject to standing order 23(a), any two councillors may sign on behalf of the Council, any deed required by law and the Proper Officer shall witness their signatures

24. COMMUNICATING WITH COUNTY BOROUGH OR COUNTY COUNCILLORS

- a An invitation to attend a meeting of the Council shall be sent, together with the agenda, to the ward councillors of the County Council representing the area of the Council.
- b Unless the Council determines otherwise, a copy of each letter sent to the County Council shall be sent to the ward councillors representing the area of the Council.

25. RESTRICTIONS ON COUNCILLOR ACTIVITIES

- a. Unless duly authorised no councillor shall:
 - i. inspect any land and/or premises which the Council has a right or duty to inspect; or
 - ii. issue orders, instructions or directions.

26. STANDING ORDERS GENERALLY

- a All or part of a standing order, except one that incorporates mandatory statutory or legal requirements, may be suspended by resolution in relation to the consideration of an item on the agenda for a meeting.
- b A motion to add to or vary or revoke one or more of the Council's standing orders, except one that incorporates mandatory statutory or legal requirements, shall be proposed by a special motion, the written notice by at least 3 councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 9.
- c The Proper Officer shall provide a copy of the Council's standing orders to a councillor as soon as possible.

- d The decision of the chair of a meeting as to the application of standing orders at the meeting shall be final.

APPENDIX B
LLANGOLLEN TOWN COUNCIL FINANCIAL REGULATIONS

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These Financial Regulations were adopted by the council at its meeting held on 19 May
2026

1. General

- 1.1. These Financial Regulations govern the financial management of the council and may only be amended or varied by resolution of the council. They are one of the council's governing documents and shall be observed in conjunction with the council's Standing Orders.
- 1.2. Councillors are expected to follow these regulations and not to entice employees to breach them. Failure to follow these regulations brings the office of councillor into disrepute.
- 1.3. Wilful breach of these regulations by an employee may result in disciplinary proceedings.
- 1.4. In these Financial Regulations:
 - 'Accounts and Audit Regulations' means the regulations issued under Section 39 of the Public Audit (Wales) Act 2004, or any superseding legislation, and then in force, unless otherwise specified.
 - "Approve" refers to an online action, allowing an electronic transaction to take place.
 - "Authorise" refers to a decision by the council, or a committee or an officer, to allow something to happen.
 - 'Proper practices' means those set out in *The Practitioners' Guide*
 - *Practitioners' Guide* the Governance and Accountability for Local Councils in Wales – A Practitioners Guide jointly published by One Voice Wales and the Society of Local Council Clerks in Wales.
 - 'Must' and **bold text** refer to a statutory obligation the council cannot change.
 - 'Shall' refers to a non-statutory instruction by the council to its members and staff.
- 1.5. The Responsible Financial Officer (RFO) holds a statutory office, appointed by the council. The Clerk has been appointed as RFO and these regulations apply accordingly. The RFO;
 - acts under the policy direction of the council;
 - administers the council's financial affairs in accordance with all Acts, Regulations and proper practices;
 - determines on behalf of the council its accounting records and control systems;
 - ensures the accounting control systems are observed;
 - ensures the accounting records are kept up to date;
 - seeks economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of council resources; and
 - produces financial management information as required by the council.
- 1.6. **The council must not delegate any decision regarding:**

- **setting the final budget or the precept (council tax requirement);**
- **the outcome of a review of the effectiveness of its internal controls**
- **approving accounting statements;**
- **approving an annual governance statement;**
- **borrowing;**
- **declaring eligibility for the General Power of Competence; and**
- **addressing recommendations from the internal or external auditors.**

1.7. In addition, the council shall:

- determine and regularly review the bank mandate for all council bank accounts;
- authorise any grant or single commitment in excess of [£5,000].

2. Risk management and internal control

2.1. **The council must ensure that it has a sound system of internal control, which delivers effective financial, operational and risk management.**

2.2. The Clerk] shall prepare, for approval by the council, a risk management policy covering all activities of the council. This policy and consequential risk management arrangements shall be reviewed by the council at least annually.

2.3. When considering any new activity, the Clerk shall prepare a draft risk assessment including risk management proposals for consideration by the council.

2.4. **At least once a year, the council must review the effectiveness of its system of internal control, before approving the Annual Governance Statement.**

2.5. **The accounting control systems determined by the RFO must include measures to:**

- **ensure that risk is appropriately managed;**
- **ensure the prompt, accurate recording of financial transactions;**
- **prevent and detect inaccuracy or fraud; and**
- **allow the reconstitution of any lost records;**
- **identify the duties of officers dealing with transactions and**
- **ensure division of responsibilities.**

2.6. At least once in each quarter, and at each financial year end, a member other than the Chair shall be appointed to verify bank reconciliations (produced by the RFO. The member shall sign and date the reconciliations and the original bank statements or similar document as evidence of this. This activity, including any exceptions, shall be reported to and noted by the council.

2.7. Regular back-up copies shall be made of the records on any council computer and stored either online or in a separate location from the computer. The council shall put measures in place to ensure that the ability to access any council computer is not lost if an employee leaves or is incapacitated for any reason.

3. Accounts and audit

3.1. All accounting procedures and financial records of the council shall be determined by the RFO in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations.

3.2. **The accounting records determined by the RFO must be sufficient to explain the council's transactions and to disclose its financial position with reasonable accuracy at any time. In particular, they must contain:**

- **day-to-day entries of all sums of money received and expended by the council (documented in the cash book) and the matters to which they relate;**
- **a record of the assets and liabilities of the council.**

3.3. The accounting records shall be designed to facilitate the efficient preparation of the accounting statements in the Annual Return.

3.4. The RFO shall complete and certify the annual Accounting Statements of the council contained in the Annual Governance and Accountability Return in accordance with proper practices, as soon as practicable after the end of the financial year. Having certified the Accounting Statements, the RFO shall submit them to the council, within the timescales required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations.

3.5. **The council must ensure that there is an adequate and effective system of internal audit of its accounting records and internal control system in accordance with proper practices.**

3.6. **Any officer or member of the council must make available such documents and records as the internal or external auditor consider necessary for the purpose of the audit** and shall, as directed by the council, supply the RFO, internal auditor, or external auditor with such information and explanation as the council considers necessary.

3.7. The internal auditor shall be appointed by the council or a committee of the council and shall carry out their work to evaluate the effectiveness of the council's risk management, control and governance processes in accordance with proper practices specified in the Practitioners' Guide.

3.8. The council shall ensure that the internal auditor:

- is competent and independent of the financial operations of the council;

- reports to council in writing, or in person, on a regular basis with a minimum of one written report during each financial year;
- can demonstrate competence, objectivity and independence, free from any actual or perceived conflicts of interest, including those arising from family relationships; and
- has no involvement in the management or control of the council.

3.9. Internal may not under any circumstances:

- perform any operational duties for the council;
- initiate or approve accounting transactions;
- provide financial, legal or other advice including in relation to any future transactions; or
- direct the activities of any council employee, except to the extent that such employees have been appropriately assigned to assist the internal auditor.

3.10. For the avoidance of doubt, in relation to internal audit the terms 'independent' and 'independence' shall have the same meaning as described in The Practitioners Guide.

3.11. The RFO shall make arrangements for the exercise of electors' rights in relation to the accounts, including the opportunity to inspect the accounts, books, and vouchers and display or publish any notices and documents required by Accounts and Audit (Wales) Regulations.

3.12. The RFO shall, without undue delay, bring to the attention of all councillors any correspondence or report from internal or external auditors.

4. Budget and precept

4.1. **Before setting a precept, the council must calculate its budget requirement for each financial year by preparing and approving a budget, in accordance with The Local Government Finance Act 1992 or succeeding legislation.**

4.2. Budgets for salaries and wages, including employer contributions shall be reviewed by at least annually in October for the following financial year and the final version shall be evidenced by a hard copy schedule signed by the Clerk and the Chair of the Council or relevant committee.

4.3. No later than November each year, the RFO shall prepare a draft budget with detailed estimates of all income and expenditure for the following financial year taking account of the lifespan of assets and cost implications of repair or replacement.

4.4. Unspent budgets for completed projects shall not be carried forward to a subsequent year. Unspent funds for partially completed projects may only be

carried forward by placing them in an earmarked reserve) with the formal approval of the full council.

- 4.5. In appropriate cases, each committee) shall review its draft budget and submit any proposed amendments to the council not later than the end of September each year.
- 4.6. The draft budget with any committee proposals and forecast, including any recommendations for the use or accumulation of reserves, shall be considered by the {finance committee and a recommendation made to the} council.
- 4.7. Having considered the proposed budget and forecast, the council shall determine its budget requirement by setting a budget. The council shall set a precept for this amount no later than the end of December for the ensuing financial year.
- 4.8. **Any member with council tax unpaid for more than two months is prohibited from voting on the budget or precept by Section 106 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 and must disclose at the start of the meeting that Section 106 applies to them.**
- 4.9. The RFO shall **issue the precept to the billing authority no later than the end of January** and supply each member with a copy of the agreed annual budget.
- 4.10. The agreed budget provides a basis for monitoring progress during the year by comparing actual spending and income against what was planned.
- 4.11. Any addition to, or withdrawal from, any earmarked reserve shall be agreed by the council or relevant committee.

5. Procurement

- 5.1. **Members and officers are responsible for obtaining value for money at all times.** Any officer procuring goods, services or works should ensure, as far as practicable, that the best available terms are obtained, usually by obtaining prices from several suppliers.
- 5.2. The RFO should verify the lawful nature of any proposed purchase before it is made and in the case of new or infrequent purchases, should ensure that the legal power being used is reported to the meeting at which the order is authorised and also recorded in the minutes.
- 5.3. Every contract shall comply with the council's Standing Orders and these Financial Regulations and no exceptions shall be made, except in an emergency.

- 5.4. **For a contract for the supply of goods, services or works where the estimated value will exceed the thresholds set by Parliament, the full requirements of The Procurement Act 2023 and the Procurement (Wales) Regulations 2024 or any superseding legislation (“the Legislation”), must be followed in respect of the tendering, award and notification of that contract.**
- 5.5. Where the estimated value is below the Government threshold, the council shall (with the exception of items listed in paragraph 5.12 obtain prices as follows:
- 5.6. For contracts estimated to exceed £60,00 including VAT, the Clerk shall seek formal tenders from at least three suppliers agreed by the council Tenders shall be invited in accordance with Appendix 1.
- 5.7. **For contracts estimated to be over £30,000 including VAT, the council must comply with any requirements of the Legislation¹ regarding the publication of invitations and notices about the award of contracts.**
- 5.8. For contracts greater than £3,000 excluding VAT the Clerk shall seek at least 3 fixed-price quotes.
- 5.9. Where the value is between £500 and £3,000 excluding VAT, the Clerk shall try to obtain 3 estimates which might include evidence of online prices, or recent prices from regular suppliers.
- 5.10. For smaller purchases, the clerk shall seek to achieve value for money.
- 5.11. **Contracts must not be split to avoid compliance with these rules.**
- 5.12. The requirement to obtain competitive prices in these regulations need not apply to contracts that relate to items (i) to (iv) below:
- i. specialist services, such as legal professionals acting in disputes;
 - ii. repairs to, or parts for, existing machinery or equipment;
 - iii. works, goods or services that constitute an extension of an existing contract;
 - iv. goods or services that are only available from one supplier or are sold at a fixed price.
- 5.13. When applications are made to waive this financial regulation to enable a price to be negotiated without competition, the reason should be set out in a recommendation to the council or relevant committee. Avoidance of competition is not a valid reason.

¹ The Regulations require councils to use the Sell2 Wales website if they advertise contract opportunities and also to publicise the award of contracts over £30,000 including VAT, regardless of whether they were advertised.

- 5.14. The council shall not be obliged to accept the lowest or any tender, quote or estimate.
- 5.15. Individual purchases within an agreed budget for that type of expenditure may be authorised by:
- the Clerk, under delegated authority, for any items below £500 excluding VAT.
 - the Clerk, in consultation with the Chair of the Council or Chair of the appropriate committee, for any items below £5,000 excluding VAT.
 - a duly delegated committee of the council for all items of expenditure within their delegated budgets for items under £5,000 excluding VAT}
 - in respect of grants, a duly authorised committee within any limits set by council and in accordance with any policy statement agreed by the council.
 - the council for all items over £5,000; Such authorisation must be supported by a minute (in the case of council or committee decisions) or other auditable evidence trail.
- 5.16. No individual member, or informal group of members may issue an official order or make any contract on behalf of the council.
- 5.17. No expenditure may be authorised that will exceed the budget for that type of expenditure other than by resolution of the council {or a duly delegated committee acting within its Terms of Reference} except in an emergency.
- 5.18. In cases of serious risk to the delivery of council services or to public safety on council premises, the clerk may authorise expenditure of up to £2,000 excluding VAT on repair, replacement or other work that in their judgement is necessary, whether or not there is any budget for such expenditure. The Clerk shall report such action to the Chair as soon as possible and to [the council] as soon as practicable thereafter.
- 5.19. No expenditure shall be authorised, no contract entered into or tender accepted in relation to any major project, unless [the council] is satisfied that the necessary funds are available and that where a loan is required, Welsh Government borrowing approval has been obtained first.
- 5.20. An official order or letter shall be issued for all work, goods and services above £250 excluding VAT unless a formal contract is to be prepared or an official order would be inappropriate. Copies of orders shall be retained, along with evidence of receipt of goods.
- 5.21. Any ordering system can be misused and access to them shall be controlled by the RFO.

6. Banking and payments

- 6.1. The council's banking arrangements, including the bank mandate, shall be made by the RFO and authorised by the council; banking arrangements shall not be delegated to a committee. The council has resolved to bank with Unity Trust Bank. The arrangements shall be reviewed annually for security and efficiency.
- 6.2. The council must have safe and efficient arrangements for making payments, to safeguard against the possibility of fraud or error. Wherever possible, more than one person should be involved in any payment, for example by dual online authorisation or dual cheque signing. Even where a purchase has been authorised, the payment must also be authorised and only authorised payments shall be approved or signed to allow the funds to leave the council's bank.
- 6.3. All invoices for payment should be examined for arithmetical accuracy, analysed to the appropriate expenditure heading and verified to confirm that the work, goods or services were received, checked and represent expenditure previously authorised by the council before being certified by the Clerk.
- 6.4. Personal payments (including salaries, wages, expenses and any payment made in relation to the termination of employment) may be summarised to avoid disclosing any personal information.
- 6.5. All payments shall be made by online banking, in accordance with a resolution of the council a duly delegated committee or a delegated decision by an officer, unless the council resolves to use a different payment method.
- 6.6. For each financial year the Clerk may draw up a schedule of regular payments due in relation to a continuing contract or obligation (such as Salaries, PAYE, National Insurance, pension contributions, rent, rates, regular maintenance contracts and similar items), which the council {or a duly delegated committee} may authorise in advance for the year.
- 6.7. A copy of this schedule of regular payments shall be signed by on each and every occasion when payment is made - to reduce the risk of duplicate payments.
- 6.8. A list of such payments shall be reported to the next appropriate meeting of the council for information only.
- 6.9. The Clerk shall have delegated authority to authorise payments in the following circumstances:
 - i. any payments of up to £500 excluding VAT, within an agreed budget.

- ii. payments of up to £2,000 excluding VAT in cases of serious risk to the delivery of council services or to public safety on council premises.
 - iii. any payment necessary to avoid a charge under the Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998 {or to comply with contractual terms}, where the due date for payment is before the next scheduled meeting of the council, where the RFO certify that there is no dispute or other reason to delay payment, provided that a list of such payments shall be submitted to the next appropriate meeting of council {or finance committee.
 - iv. Fund transfers within the councils banking arrangements up to the sum of £10,000, provided that a list of such payments shall be submitted to the next appropriate meeting of council.
- 6.10. The Clerk shall present a schedule of payments requiring authorisation, forming part of the agenda for the meeting, together with the relevant invoices, to the council. The council shall review the schedule for compliance and, having satisfied itself, shall authorise payment by resolution. The authorised schedule shall be initialled immediately below the last item by the person chairing the meeting. A detailed list of all payments shall be disclosed within or as an attachment to the minutes of that meeting.

7. Electronic payments

- 7.1. Where internet banking arrangements are made with any bank, the RFO shall be appointed as the Service Administrator. The bank mandate agreed by the council shall identify councillors who will be authorised to approve transactions on those accounts and a minimum of two people will be involved in any online approval process.
- 7.2. All authorised signatories shall have access to view the council's bank accounts online.
- 7.3. No employee or councillor shall disclose any PIN or password, relevant to the council or its banking, to anyone not authorised in writing by the council or a duly delegated committee.
- 7.4. The Service Administrator shall set up all items due for payment online. A list of payments for approval, together with copies of the relevant invoices, shall be sent by email to authorised signatories.
- 7.5. In the prolonged absence of the Service Administrator shall set up any payments due before the return of the Service Administrator.
- 7.6. Two authorised signatories shall check the payment details against the invoices before approving each payment using the online banking system.

- 7.7. Evidence shall be retained showing which members approved the payment online and a printout of the transaction confirming that the payment has been made shall be appended to the invoice for audit purposes.
- 7.8. A full list of all payments made in a month shall be provided to the next council] meeting and appended to the minutes.
- 7.9. With the approval of the council in each case, regular payments (such as gas, electricity, telephone, broadband, water, National Non-Domestic Rates, refuse collection, pension contributions and HMRC payments) may be made by variable direct debit, provided that the instructions are approved online by two authorised signatories. The approval of the use of each variable direct debit shall be reviewed by the council at least every two years.
- 7.10. Payment may be made by BACS or CHAPS by resolution of the council provided that each payment is approved online by two authorised bank signatories, evidence is retained, and any payments are reported to the council at the next meeting. The approval of the use of BACS or CHAPS shall be renewed by resolution of the council at least every two years.
- 7.11. If thought appropriate by the council, regular payments of fixed sums may be made by banker's standing order, provided that the instructions are signed {or approved online} by two authorised bank signatories, evidence of this is retained and any payments are reported to council when made. The approval of the use of a banker's standing order shall be reviewed by the council at least every two years.
- 7.12. Account details for suppliers may only be changed upon written notification by the supplier verified by the RFO and a member. This is a potential area for fraud and the individuals involved should ensure that any change is genuine. Data held should be checked with suppliers every two years.
- 7.13. Members and officers shall ensure that any computer used for the council's financial business has adequate security, with anti-virus, anti-spyware and firewall software installed and regularly updated.
- 7.14. Remembered password facilities {other than secure password stores requiring separate identity verification} should not be used on any computer used for council banking.

8. Cheque payments

- 8.1. Cheques or orders for payment in accordance in accordance with a resolution or delegated decision shall be signed by two members and countersigned by the Clerk.

- 8.2. A signatory having a family or business relationship with the beneficiary of a payment shall not, under normal circumstances, be a signatory to that payment.
- 8.3. To indicate agreement of the details on the cheque with the counterfoil and the invoice or similar documentation, the signatories shall also initial the cheque counterfoil and invoice.
- 8.4. Cheques or orders for payment shall not normally be presented for signature other than at, or immediately before or after a council {or committee} meeting}. Any signatures obtained away from council meetings shall be reported to the council {or Finance Committee} at the next convenient meeting.

9. Payment cards

- 9.1. Any Debit Card issued for use will be specifically restricted to the Clerk and will also be restricted to a single transaction maximum value of £500 unless authorised by council or finance committee in writing before any order is placed.
- 9.2. A pre-paid debit card may be issued to employees with varying limits. These limits will be set by the council. Transactions and purchases made will be reported to the council and authority for topping-up shall be at the discretion of the council.
- 9.3. Any corporate credit card or trade card account opened by the council will be specifically restricted to use by the Clerk and RFO specify other officer and any balance shall be paid in full each month.
- 9.4. Personal credit or debit cards of members or staff shall not be used except for expenses of up to £250 including VAT, incurred in accordance with council policy.

10. Petty Cash

- a) The council will not maintain any form of cash float. All cash received must be banked intact. Any payments made in cash by the or RFO (for example for postage or minor stationery items) shall be refunded on a regular basis, at least quarterly.
- b) Cash income received must not be paid into the petty cash float but must be separately banked, as provided elsewhere in these regulations.
- c) Payments to maintain the petty cash float shall be shown separately on any schedule of payments presented for approval.

11. Payment of salaries and allowances

- 11.1. **As an employer, the council must make arrangements to comply with the statutory requirements of PAYE legislation.**

- 11.2. **Guidance issued by the Independent Remuneration Panel for Wales in relation to the taxation of councillor allowances must be fully adhered to.**
- 11.3. Salary rates shall be agreed by the council, or a duly delegated committee. No changes shall be made to any employee's gross pay, emoluments, or terms and conditions of employment without the prior consent of the council or relevant committee.
- 11.4. Payment of salaries shall be made, after deduction of tax, national insurance, pension contributions and any similar statutory or discretionary deductions, on the dates stipulated in employment contracts.
- 11.5. Deductions from salary shall be paid to the relevant bodies within the required timescales, provided that each payment is reported, as set out in these regulations above.
- 11.6. Each payment to employees of net salary and to the appropriate creditor of the statutory and discretionary deductions shall be recorded in a payroll control account or other separate confidential record, with the total of such payments each calendar month reported in the cashbook. Payroll reports will be reviewed by to ensure that the correct payments have been made.
- 11.7. Any termination payments shall be supported by a report to the council, setting out a clear business case. Termination payments shall only be authorised by the full council.
- 11.8. Before employing interim staff, the council must consider a full business case.
- 12. Loans and investments**
- 12.1. Any application for Welsh Government approval to borrow money and subsequent arrangements for a loan must be authorised by the full council and recorded in the minutes. All borrowing shall be in the name of the council, after obtaining any necessary approval.
- 12.2. Any financial arrangement which does not require formal borrowing approval from the Welsh Government (such as Hire Purchase, Leasing of tangible assets or loans to be repaid within the financial year) must be authorised by the full council, following a written report on the value for money of the proposed transaction.
- 12.3. The council shall consider the requirement for an Investment Strategy and Policy in accordance with Statutory Guidance on Local Government Investments, which must be written be in accordance with relevant regulations, proper practices and guidance. Any Strategy and Policy shall be reviewed by the council at least annually.

- 12.4. All investment of money under the control of the council shall be in the name of the council.
- 12.5. All investment certificates and other documents relating thereto shall be retained in the custody of the RFO.
- 12.6. Payments in respect of short term or long-term investments, including transfers between bank accounts held in the same bank, shall be made in accordance with these regulations.

13. Income

- 13.1. The collection of all sums due to the council shall be the responsibility of and under the supervision of the RFO.
- 13.2. The council will review all fees and charges for work done, services provided, or goods sold at least annually as part of the budget-setting process, following a report of the RFO shall be responsible for the collection of all amounts due to the council.
- 13.3. Any sums found to be irrecoverable, and any bad debts shall be reported to the council by the RFO and shall be written off in the year. The council's approval shall be shown in the accounting records.
- 13.4. All sums received on behalf of the council shall be deposited intact with the council's bankers, with such frequency as the RFO considers necessary. The origin of each receipt shall clearly be recorded on the paying-in slip or other record.
- 13.5. Personal cheques shall not be cashed out of money held on behalf of the council.
- 13.6. The RFO shall ensure that VAT is correctly recorded in the council's accounting software and that any VAT Return required is submitted from the software by the due date.
- 13.7. Where significant sums of cash are regularly received by the council, the RFO shall ensure that more than one person is present when the cash is counted in the first instance, that there is a reconciliation to some form of control record such as ticket issues, and that appropriate care is taken for the security and safety of individuals banking such cash.
- 13.8. Any income that is the property of a charitable trust shall be paid into a charitable bank account. Instructions for the payment of funds due from the charitable trust to the council (to meet expenditure already incurred by the

authority) will be given by the Managing Trustees of the charity meeting separately from any council meeting.

14. Payments under contracts for building or other construction works

- 14.1. Where contracts provide for payment by instalments the RFO shall maintain a record of all such payments, which shall be made within the time specified in the contract based on signed certificates from the architect or other consultant engaged to supervise the works.
- 14.2. Any variation of, addition to or omission from a contract must be authorised by the Clerk to the contractor in writing, with the council being informed where the final cost is likely to exceed the contract sum by 5% or more, or likely to exceed the budget available.

15. Stores and equipment

- 15.1. The officer in charge of each section shall be responsible for the care and custody of stores and equipment in that section.
- 15.2. Delivery notes shall be obtained in respect of all goods received into store or otherwise delivered and goods must be checked as to order and quality at the time delivery is made.
- 15.3. Stocks shall be kept at the minimum levels consistent with operational requirements.
- 15.4. The RFO shall be responsible for periodic checks of stocks and stores, at least annually.

16. Assets, properties and estates

- 16.1. The Clerk shall make arrangements for the safe custody of all title deeds and Land Registry Certificates of properties held by the council.
- 16.2. The RFO shall ensure that an appropriate and accurate Register of Assets and Investments is kept up to date, with a record of all properties held by the council, their location, extent, plan, reference, purchase details, nature of the interest, tenancies granted, rents payable and purpose for which held, in accordance with Accounts and Audit (Wales) Regulations.
- 16.3. The continued existence of tangible assets shown in the Register shall be verified at least annually, possibly in conjunction with a health and safety inspection of assets.
- 16.4. No interest in land shall be purchased or otherwise acquired, sold, leased or otherwise disposed of without the authority of the council, together with any other consents required by law. In each case a written report shall be provided to council in respect of valuation and surveyed condition of the property (including matters such as planning permissions and covenants) together with

a proper business case (including an adequate level of consultation with the electorate where required by law).

- 16.5 No tangible moveable property shall be purchased or otherwise acquired, sold, leased or otherwise disposed of, without the authority of the council, together with any other consents required by law, except where the estimated value of any one item does not exceed [£500]. In each case a written report shall be provided to council with a full business case.

17. Insurance

- 17.1. The RFO shall keep a record of all insurances effected by the council and the property and risks covered, reviewing these annually before the renewal date in conjunction with the council's review of risk management.
- 17.2. The Clerk shall give prompt notification to of all new risks, properties or vehicles which require to be insured and of any alterations affecting existing insurances.
- 17.3. The RFO shall be notified of any loss, liability, damage or event likely to lead to a claim, and shall report these to the council at the next available meeting. The RFO shall negotiate all claims on the council's insurers.
- 17.4. All appropriate members and employees of the council shall be included in a suitable form of security or fidelity guarantee insurance which shall cover the maximum risk exposure as determined annually by the council, or duly delegated committee.

18. Charities

- 18.1. Where the council is sole managing trustee of a charitable body the Clerk and RFO shall ensure that separate accounts are kept of the funds held on charitable trusts and separate financial reports made in such form as shall be appropriate, in accordance with Charity Law and legislation, or as determined by the Charity Commission. The Clerk and RFO shall arrange for any audit or independent examination as may be required by Charity Law or any Governing ocument.

19. Suspension and revision of Financial Regulations

- 19.1. The council shall review these Financial Regulations annually and following any change of clerk or RFO. The Clerk shall monitor changes in legislation or proper practices and advise the council of any need to amend these Financial Regulations.
- 19.2. The council may, by resolution duly notified prior to the relevant meeting of council, suspend any part of these Financial Regulations, provided that reasons for the suspension are recorded and that an assessment of the risks arising has been presented to all members. Suspension does not disapply any legislation or permit the council to act unlawfully.

- 19.3. The council may temporarily amend these Financial Regulations by a duly notified resolution, to cope with periods of absence, local government reorganisation, national restrictions or other exceptional circumstances.

Appendix 1 - Tender process

- 1) Any invitation to tender shall state the general nature of the intended contract and the Clerk shall obtain the necessary technical assistance to prepare a specification in appropriate cases.
- 2) The invitation shall in addition state that tenders must be addressed to the Clerk in the ordinary course of post, unless an electronic tendering process has been agreed by the council.
- 3) Where a postal process is used, each tendering firm shall be supplied with a specifically marked envelope in which the tender is to be sealed and remain sealed until the prescribed date for opening tenders for that contract. All sealed tenders shall be opened at the same time on the prescribed date by the Clerk in the presence of at least one member of council.
- 4) Where an electronic tendering process is used, the council shall use a specific email address that will be monitored to ensure that nobody accesses any tender before the expiry of the deadline for submission.
- 5) Any invitation to tender issued under this regulation shall be subject to Standing Order [insert reference of the council's relevant standing order] and shall refer to the terms of the Bribery Act 2010.
- 6) Where the council, or duly delegated committee, does not accept any tender, quote or estimate, the work is not allocated and the council requires further pricing, no person shall be permitted to submit a later tender, estimate or quote who was present when the original decision-making process was being undertaken.

APPENDIX C

Llangollen Town Council Publication Scheme.		
Information to be published	How the information can be obtained	Cost
Class 1 - Who we are and what we do.		
Llangollen Town Council has 11 elected Town Councillors. The most recent election was held on 5 May 2022.		
Tel: 01978 861345		
Councillors.	Members can be contacted by email.	
Cllr Collings	cllcollings@llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk	
Cllr Edwards	cllredwards@llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk	
Cllr Felton	cllrfelton@llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk	
Cllr Hyde	cllrhyde@llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk	
Cllr Jones	cllrjones@llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk	
Cllr Richards-Gwilliam	cllrrichards-gwilliam@llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk	
Cllr Haddy	cllrhaddy@llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk	
Cllr Keddie	cllrkeddie@llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk	
Cllr Morris	cllrmorris@llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk	
Cllr Susanthan	cllrsusanthan@llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk	
Vacancy		
Staff.		
Gareth Thomas, BSc (Hons), Dip TP, PGDip Tour, CMS, CiLCA, FSLCC. Town Clerk.	townclerk@llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk	
Heulwen Wright, MA, PSLCC. Deputy Town Clerk.	facilities@llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk	
Offices.		
Town Hall, Llangollen, Denbighshire LL20 8PW. 01978 851345		
Class 2 – What we spend and how we spend it.		
Financial Regulations.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Standing Orders.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Annual return form and report by auditor.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Finalised budget.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Precept.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Members' allowances and expenses.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Borrowing Approval letter.	Hard copy	Charged per page.
Grants given and received.	Hard copy	Charged per page.

List of current contracts awarded and value of contract.	Hard copy	Charged per page.
Class 3 – What our priorities are and how we are doing.		
Priorities are detailed in the business plan.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Class 4 – How we make decisions.		
Councillors meet once a month to discuss business at its main committees. However, in addition some Councillors sit on a number of smaller tasks related Committees and working groups which meet on an ad-hoc basis to carry out more specific and often in-depth areas of work.		
Timetable of meetings.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Agendas of meetings.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Minutes of meetings.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Reports presented to Council Meetings.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Responses to consultation papers.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Responses to planning applications.	Email via Town Clerk.	Free.
Class 5 – Our policies and procedures.		
Code of Conduct.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Committee terms of reference.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Complaints procedures.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Data protection policies.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Equality and diversity policy.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Health and safety policy.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Information security policy.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Internal policies relating to the delivery of services.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Policies and procedures for handling requests for information.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Policies and procedures for the employment of staff.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Records management policies.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Recruitment policies.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Schedule of charges.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Standing orders.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Class 6 – Lists and registers.		
Assets register	Email via Town Clerk.	Free.
Register of members' interests.	Website. (www.llangollentowncouncil.gov.uk)	Free.
Register of gifts and hospitality.	Email via Town Clerk.	Free.
Class 7 – The services we offer.		
Town Hall.		
Town clock.		
Public open space.		
Footbridge.		

Recreational facilities.		
Seating, litter bins.		
War Memorials.		
Bus shelters.		
Closed churchyards.		
Christmas Lighting.		
CCTV System.		

Services for which the council is entitled to recover a fee, together with those fees: schedule of charges.		
Type of charge	Description	Basis of charge
Disbursement cost		
	Photocopying A4 per sheet (black & white)	£0.30
	Photocopying A4 per sheet (colour)	£0.60
	Photocopying A3 per sheet (black & white)	£0.60
	Photocopying A3 per sheet (colour)	£0.80
	Postage	Actual cost of Royal Mail standard 2 nd class
Other		Town Hall
Main auditorium tariffs		
	<i>Commercial users.</i>	
	Daily (over 5 hrs)	£400
	1/2-day rate (2 – 5 hrs) / Evening rate (after 18.00 hrs)	£200
	Hourly rate	£50
	<i>Parties/Private Functions/ Local Sole Traders.</i>	Discount 25%
	Daily (over 5 hrs)	£300
	1/2-day rate (2 – 5 hrs) / Evening rate (after 18.00 hrs)	£150
	Hourly rate	£38
	Set building / Rehearsal fixed fee per session. *	£75
	* Morning /Afternoon/Evening	
	<i>Community, Charity and not for profit users.</i>	Discount 50%
	Daily (over 5 hrs)	£200
	1/2-day rate (2 – 5 hrs) / Evening rate (after 18.00 hrs)	£100
	Hourly rate	£25
	Set building / Rehearsal fixed fee per session. *	£50
	* Morning /Afternoon/Evening	
Chamber tariffs		
	<i>Commercial users.</i>	
	Daily (over 5 hrs)	£130
	1/2-day rate (2 – 5 hrs) / Evening rate (after 18.00 hrs)	£65
	Hourly rate	£18
	<i>Parties/Private Functions.</i>	Discount 25%
	Daily (over 5 hrs)	£98

	1/2-day rate (2 – 5 hrs) / Evening rate (after 18.00 hrs)	£49
	Hourly rate	£14
	<i>Community, Charity and not for profit users.</i>	Discount 50%
	Daily (over 5 hrs)	£65
	1/2-day rate (2 – 5 hrs) / Evening rate (after 18.00 hrs)	£34
	Hourly rate	£10
	<i>Commercial users.</i>	
Centenary Square		Free

APPENDIX D. SCHEME OF DELEGATION

1. SUMMARY

- 1.1 Town and Community Councils are corporate bodies defined by statute as such they are not exempt from or above the law. If a Town or Community Council makes an illegal decision which is implemented it is the Council and Councillors who are liable not the Clerk who is responsible for implementation. Decisions made by the Town Council, all have a legal implication, and Councillors have a duty to make themselves familiar with the requirements contained in the statutes and financial regulations as they are jointly and severally legally liable .
- 1.2 With a few statutory exceptions, only the Full Council is able to make decisions on behalf of the corporate body, *unless* it makes explicit provision to delegate powers to either a committee or officer (or in some cases, another authority). These delegated powers are often enshrined in the Council's key governance documents, its Standing Orders, Financial Regulations, and committee terms of reference, as well as other policies. responsible.
- 1.3 The purpose of the Scheme of Delegation is to consolidate these delegated powers into one document:
- providing a single point of reference to inform decision-making;
 - ensuring that that there is no conflict between different governance documents;
 - clarifying lines of accountability;
 - and confirming where statutory responsibilities sit.
- 1.4 The scheme covers all aspects of the Council decision-making process, and it is therefore intended as a key reference document for all staff and councillors, particularly: the Town Mayor, Committee Chairs and the Town Clerk. It will be publicly available and published on the Town Councils website to provide those members of the community attending Council meetings with a guide to how the Council makes decisions.

2. THE POWER TO DELEGATE

- 2.1 The Council's statutory power to delegate its functions is laid down in Local Government Act 1972 s101. This states that power can be delegated to a committee, sub-committee, or officer of the authority, or to another authority.
- 2.2 By virtue of the absence of any provision in s101, city, town and community council functions cannot be delegated to an individual councillor. However, when acting as the Chair of a meeting, a Councillor has *ex officio* powers to regulate conduct in the meeting, as defined later in this scheme.

3. TOWN COUNCIL.

- 3.1 The following matters are reserved to the Town Council for decision, notwithstanding that the appropriate Committee(s) may make recommendations for the Council's consideration:
- Approval of the budget.

- Setting the precept.
- Approval of the Annual Return and Audit of Accounts.
- Agreement to write off bad debts.
- Approval by resolution, before payment, of any grant or single commitment in excess of £10,000
- Authorisation as to terms and purpose for any application for Borrowing Approval and subsequent arrangements for the loan.
- Approval of any financial arrangement which does not require formal borrowing approval from Welsh Government (e.g., hire purchase or leasing of tangible assets)
- Approval of purchase, acquisition by other means, sale, lease or disposal of tangible moveable property over £250.
- Approval of purchase, acquisition by other means, lease, sale or disposal of real property (interests in land).
- Approval of the virement of unspent and available amounts to other budget headings or reserves.
- Approval of changes in earmarked reserves as part of the budgetary process.
- Making, amending or revoking Standing Orders, Financial Regulations or this Scheme of Delegation.
- Making, amending or revoking by-laws.
- Making of Orders under any statutory powers.
- Matters of principle or policy.
- Appointment of Standing Committees.
- Appointing Council representatives to outside bodies.
- All other matter which much, by law, be reserved to the full Council.
- Declaring eligibility for the General Power of Competence.
- Preparing and publishing a report about the Council's priorities, activities and achievements.
- Consider training for councillors and community council staff, and publish training plans.

4. DELEGATION TO OFFICERS

- 4.1 The following matters are delegated to the Council's Officers to make decisions on behalf of the Council. These decisions must be exercised in accordance with the law, the Council's Standing Orders and Financial Regulations and any approved policy framework and budget.
- 4.2 The Council may at any time, following resolution, revoke any delegated authority. Officers may decide not to exercise delegated responsibilities and may instead make a recommendation to a Committee or the Council. Similarly, where Officers have no delegated power to make a decision they report the matter to Committee or the Council for a decision.
- 4.3 **Responsible Financial Officer**
The Town Clerk as the Responsible Financial Officer of Llangollen Town Council shall be responsible for:

- the Town Council's accounting procedures the accounting system and the form of their accounting statements and supporting accounting records in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations (Wales) in force at any given time.
- Ensuring that the accounting systems are observed and that the accounts and supporting records of the body are maintained in accordance with proper practices and kept up to date.
- Ensuring the Council has an adequate and effective system of internal control.
- Producing all financial management information, including, completing the annual financial statements of the Council.
- Maintaining a record of the assets and liabilities of the Council.
- Following the annual risk assessment shall effect all insurances and negotiate all claims on the Council.

4.4 Proper Officer

The Town Clerk is the Proper Officer of Llangollen Town Council and as such is specifically authorised to:

- To receive Declarations of Acceptance of Office.
- To retain a copy of every councillor's register of interests.
- To receive and record notices disclosing personal and prejudicial interests.
- To receive and retain plans and documents.
- To sign notices or other documents on behalf of the Council.
- Signing summonses to attend meetings of the Council.
- Keeping a proper record for all meeting
- To receive copies of by-laws made by the local authority.
- To certify copies of by-laws made by the Council.
- To arrange insurance

4.5 In addition, the Proper Officer has the delegated authority to undertake the following matters on behalf of the Council:

- The day to day administration of services, together with routine inspection and control of assets and procedures.
- Postponing a meeting, or calling an additional meeting of the Council or any committee, as necessary, in consultation with the Town Mayor or appropriate committee.
- Responding to any correspondence requiring or requesting information, or relating to previous decision of the Council.
- Managing the provision of Council services, buildings, land, and resources (indirectly where service managers have delegated responsibility), including the temporary closure of any such facilities, as may be required.
- Prosecuting a debtor, where such prosecution is through the small claims process, or approving the write off of any debt up to the value laid down in Financial Regulations.
- Applying for any grants and other funding on the Council's behalf.

- Disposing of or selling any equipment or consumables, save where the estimated value of any one item of tangible movable property exceeds any amount laid down in Financial Regulations.
- Renewing any existing leasing or licencing agreements, save where the estimated value exceeds any amount laid down in the Financial Regulations, or where the lease term exceeds one year.
- Entering into negotiations on any matter on behalf of the Council, it being understood that the Town Clerk shall not be authorised to confirm any agreement without the consent of the Council or relevant committee.
- Authorising the issue of all official Town Council press releases, and editorial control of the Council's website and social media content.
- Dealing with such matters as specifically delegated by the Council or committee.
- Day to day supervision and control of all staff employed by the Council.
- The day to day administration and oversight for organised events and activities.
- Authorisation of routine expenditure with the agreed budget.
- Emergency expenditure up to £2,500.
- Matters specifically delegated by resolution by Council or Committee.

5. Town Mayor.

5.1 No matter may be delegated to the Town Mayor except for the following:

- Convening an extraordinary meeting of the Full Council.
- Receiving the resignation of any member.
- When attending a Full Council meeting, the powers granted to a chair of a meeting.
- Attending a civic function (it being understood that the contents of any speeches must not purport to being the view of the Council unless previously agreed).

6. Chair of a meeting.

6.1 When a Councillor acts in the role of the Chair of a meeting, they shall have the power to:

- Convening an extraordinary meeting of the relevant Council or committee.
- Direct the order of speaking.
- Direct any response to a question posed during public participation.
- Permitting an individual to be seated whilst speaking.
- Suspend or close a meeting .
- In the case of an equality of votes on any matter, exercising a casting vote.
- Determining the rules of debate, in accordance with the Council's Standing Orders.
- Determining a point of order.
- Putting a motion to the vote.
- Signing the minutes of a previous meeting, once confirmed by a resolution as an accurate record.

- Moving that a person be silenced or excluded from the meeting for disorderly conduct.

7. Councillors.

7.1 No matter may be delegated to an individual Councillor, except that:

- Two Councillors may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council, should the Town Mayor refuse to do so.
- Three Councillors when members of a Committee may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Committee, if the chairman of a Committee does not call such a meeting within 7 days of having been requested to do so by 3 Councillors.
- In the event of disorderly conduct at meetings any Councillor may move that a person be silenced or excluded from the meeting for disorderly conduct.
- Matters may be delegated to an officer to determine in consultation with one or more Councillors, it being understood that the officer shall not overrule any reasonable request of that member(s), but that the officer's decision shall be final.
- A Councillor may arrange or attend a meeting regarding Council business, it being understood that any representations made by the Councillor are in their personal capacity and may not represent the views of the Council.
- A Councillor may contact an outside body regarding Council business, it being understood that any representations made by the Councillor are in their personal capacity and may not represent the views of the Council.
- A Councillor may assist in discharging any council policy or procedure, if it is expressly permitted in the policy, or if prior approval has been obtained.
- No Councillor may issue an instruction to an officer, but may highlight any issue that they believe requires the attention of the Council.
- Any issue regarding staff performance may only be raised with the Town Clerk or through the appropriate committee.

8. COMMITTEES.

8.1 Best practice on the constitution of committee's states that:

“there should be no more standing committee than are necessary, the membership of the committees should be small, their terms of reference should be clearly specified, and their relationship to the rest of the decision-making structure clearly defined. Each committee should be concerned with matters that can only be dealt with at member level, i.e., there should ordinarily be no involvement in matters of day-to-day administration and operation business that is properly the responsibility of officers.”¹

8.2 Matters are delegated to the Council's Committees to make decisions on behalf of the Council must be exercised in accordance with the law, the Council's Standing Orders and Financial Regulations and any approved policy framework and budget.

¹ Knowles on Local Authority Meetings, 8th edition by Philip McCourt, 2016,

- 8.3 The Council may at any time, following resolution, revoke any delegated authority. Committees may decide not to exercise delegated responsibilities and may instead make a recommendation to the Council. Similarly, where a Committee has no delegated power to make a decision it makes a recommendation to Council.
- 8.4 Membership of Committees shall be ratified at the Annual Council Meeting in May of each year. Committee composition shall be a no more than five Councillors with not less than three members of Committee constituting a quorum.
- 8.5 All correspondence shall be conducted through the Clerk of the Town Council wherever possible. Minutes of all meetings shall be kept by the Clerk and forwarded to Members of the Town Council.
- 8.6 All Committees are constituted as a Standing Committee of Llangollen Town Council within specific terms of reference and have delegated powers to:
- Elect a Chair and Vice Chair from within the Membership of that Committee.
 - Approve the minutes of the last meeting of the Committee.
 - Spend money from budget headings under that Committee's remit up to the limit of the budget and/or named reserve.
 - Make recommendations on the budget requirement for the Committee for the coming Financial Year.
 - Delegate any of their functions to a Sub-Committee or Officer of the Council
 - Operate in compliance with Llangollen Town Councils Standing Order and Financial Regulations.

COMMITTEES SPECIFIC TERMS OF REFERENCE

Asset Management.

1. The Asset Management Committee shall be administered and managed in accordance with scheme of delegation and these Terms of Reference.
2. The Asset Management Committee shall meet four times a year and the dates shall be included in the Schedule of Meetings.
3. The objective of the Asset Management Committee shall be to ensure that all facilities and land under the Council's ownership and control are managed effectively to provide a pleasant and safe environment for residents and visitors to the town in an efficient and cost-effective manner.
4. The Asset Management Committee may co-opt non-voting members and appoint appropriate Subcommittees or Working Groups to facilitate the work of the Committee.
5. The Asset Management Committee shall have delegated powers to: -
 - a) To spend to the amount specified in the allocated cost centres.
 - b) administer and maintain and insure the Council's facilities, assets, services and activities including, but not limited to, the following: -
 - i) The Town Hall.
 - ii) War Memorial and associated land and structures.
 - iii) Pen y Bryn Cemetery.
 - iv) CCTV.
 - v) Street furniture/ bus shelters.
 - vi) Chain Bridge
 - c) Carry out works under contract under agreement or under licence from third parties including, but not limited to, the following: -
 - i) Llangollen Recreation Ground.
 - d) act upon or commission any services as deemed appropriate and in accordance with the annual budget and terms of reference of the Committee, including applying for any external grant funding.
 - e) advise the Council on the acquisition of land for the purposes of leisure, amenity and recreational activities.
 - f) advise the Council on the provision of new and the modification of existing buildings and equipment related to the leisure, recreation, or amenity aspects of the Council's business.
 - g) prepare and submit for the Council's consideration fees for all chargeable areas under the Committee's remit.
 - h) assemble and submit to the Town Council estimates of income and expenditure for each financial year.
 - i) purchase items of plant, equipment within approved budgets.

- j) acquire office equipment and assets as required enabling the staff to carry out their duties.
- k) exercise the management of health and safety issues in respect of all Town Council assets.
- l) co-ordinate events organised by the Town Council.
- m) liaise and co-operate with the Tidy Towns Team
- n) manage and develop the Town Council's IT infrastructure, data storage.

Management and Establishment Committee.

1. The Management and Establishment Committee is constituted as a Standing Committee of Llangollen Town Council.
2. The Management and Establishment Committee has delegated powers to authorise expenditure on behalf of the Council for items that fall within its remit.
3. Management and Establishment Committee has delegated powers to act on and resolve employment issues that arise from its remit.
4. The Management and Establishment Committee composition shall be five Councillors as voting members with at least three Members of the Committee constituting a quorum.
5. The Town Mayor and Deputy Town Mayor are standing members of the committee.
6. Membership of the Management and Establishment Committee shall be ratified at the Annual Council Meeting in May of each year.
7. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall be elected annually by the Management and Establishment Committee.
8. The Management and Establishment Committee shall meet at least four times a year and the dates shall be included in the Schedule of Meetings.
9. The Committee shall have delegated powers to:-
Management.
 - a) Develop and review the Town Council's Business Plan subject to ratification by the Town Council.
 - b) Monitoring and regularly reviewing the Town Council's Business Continuity Plan subject to ratification by the Town Council.
 - c) Prepare the Town Council's Annual Report subject to ratification by the Town Council.
 - d) Review the Town Council's standing orders and financial regulations for ratification by the Town Council.
 - e) Monitor and regularly review Town Council's policies.
 - f) Coordinate public relations, consultation and engagement
 - g) Supporting Cittaslow, and promoting local businesses culture, traditions, produce and encouraging and celebrating diversity.
 - h) Protect, conserve and enhance the natural environment and biodiversity
 - i) Ensure the Town Council's compliance with the Environment (Wales) Act 2016
 - j) Review the town council's biodiversity, climate and ecological emergency

- action plan.
- k) Encourage sustainable energy use and reducing energy consumption transport initiatives.
- l) Encourage a reduction in use of plastics, maximise recycling and use materials efficiently overall
- m) Represent the views and needs of relevant community organisations or community members regarding the climate emergency.
- n) Administer the Community Support Grants scheme

Establishment.

- a) Recruit and select staff, with the exception of the post of Town Clerk/RFO
- b) Administering the Discipline and Grievance Procedures.
- c) To appoint the Chair to act as point of contact to the Clerk/Responsible Financial Officer. This Member will receive notification of sickness, absence etc. and conducting the appraisal of the Town Clerk which will be reported in writing and are subject to approval by resolution by Management and Establishment Committee.
- d) Receive annual appraisals of other staff on the anniversary of the employee's appointment and to submit proposals in respect of salaries and training of all staff to the Council (not later than the end of November each year).
- e) Review the Staff Handbook and Councillor Handbook.
- f) Ensure the induction and training of staff and Councillors, including both external and internal training.
- g) Monitoring staff pension arrangements.
- h) Work with the Town Clerk to ensure that the Town Council is staffed sufficiently to provide for the effective operation of the Town Council and the Town Hall.
- i) Monitor staff workloads, working conditions, work/life balance and wellbeing.
- j) Review job descriptions, person specifications, staff establishment.
- i) Approve variations to contracts of employment for change of contracts and flexible working.
- k) Administering the Town Council's Internal Complaints Procedure and local resolution Protocol.
- l) Determine the provision of office accommodation, equipment, cyber security and cloud storage.
- m) Manage the health, safety and welfare policies of the Council and overseeing implementation and compliance.

Planning Committee.

1. The Planning Committee is constituted as a Standing Committee of Llangollen Town Council.
2. The planning committee is not allocated a financial budget.

3. The operation of the Planning Committee will be in compliance with Llangollen Town Councils Standing Order and Financial Regulations.
 4. The Planning Committee composition shall be five Councillors as voting members, with the Town Mayor being standing member of the Committee, with at least three Members of the Committee constituting a quorum
 5. Membership of the Planning Committee shall be ratified at the Annual Council Meeting in May of each year.
 6. The Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall be elected annually by the Committee.
 7. The Planning Committee shall be administered and managed in accordance with these Terms of Reference.
 8. The Planning Committee meetings will be held at [6:00 on the third Monday of the month - upon the rising of an ordinary meeting of the town Council and the dates shall be included in schedule of meetings(delete as appropriate)]. Additional meetings may be called to the address any further matters in relation to planning.
10. **The Planning Committee shall have delegated powers to undertake the following roles and functions: -**
- a) To make representations to the Local Planning Authority on any application referred to the Town Council and on any other planning matter that affects the community of Llangollen.
 - b) To ensure the agreed response to the planning application will be despatched to the c) planning authority by the Clerk so that the Denbighshire County Council are made aware of any concerns or objections with regards to planning applications, by the planning committee.
 - d) To consult with the community on larger planning applications to gauge their reactions.
 - e) To bring all sensitive/controversial applications to the attention of the full Town Council
 - f) To make recommendations to the council in relation to the approval or otherwise of any development plan or strategy proposals under planning legislation affecting the community of Llangollen.
 - g) To make representations to the Local Planning Authority in support of any departure application.
 - h) The Committee will report the meeting decisions at the next full Town Council meeting for information purposes.

TASK AND FINISH GROUPS

Task and Finish Groups may be formed by resolution of the Council or a Committee at any time. The work of such a group will be decided upon at the time it is formed by means of a minute detailing the terms of reference. Each group will report back with recommendations to the Council or the Committee that formed it.

APPENDIX E. Code of Conduct

Local Authorities (Model Code of Conduct) (Wales) Order 2008/788

Schedule 1

This version in force from: **April 1, 2016 to present**

THE MODEL CODE OF CONDUCT

PART 1 INTERPRETATION

1.—

(1) In this code—

“co-opted member” (*“aelod cyfetholedig”*), in relation to a relevant authority, means a person who is not a member of the authority but who—

- (a) is a member of any committee or sub-committee of the authority, or
- (b) is a member of, and represents the authority on, any joint committee or joint sub-committee of the authority,

and who is entitled to vote on any question which falls to be decided at any meeting of that committee or sub-committee;

“meeting” (*“cyfarfod”*) means any meeting—

- (a) of the relevant authority,
- (b) of any executive or board of the relevant authority,
- (c) of any committee, sub-committee, joint committee or joint sub-committee of the relevant authority or of any such committee, sub-committee, joint committee or joint sub-committee of any executive or board of the authority, or
- (d) where members or officers of the relevant authority are present other than a meeting of a political group constituted in accordance with regulation 8 of the Local Government (Committees and Political Groups) Regulations 1990, and includes circumstances in which a member of an executive or board or an officer acting alone exercises a function of an authority;

“member” (*“aelod”*) includes, unless the context requires otherwise, a co-opted member;

[“register of members’ interests” (“*cofrestr o fuddiannau’r aelodau*”) means the register established and maintained under section 81 of the Local Government Act 2000;]

[“registered society” means a society, other than a society registered as a credit union, which is—

- (a) a registered society within the meaning given by section 1(1) of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014; or
- (b) a society registered or deemed to be registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Act (Northern Ireland) 1969;

“relevant authority” (“*awdurdod perthnasol*”) means—

- (a) a county council,
- (b) a county borough council,
- (c) a community council,
- (d) a fire and rescue authority constituted by a scheme under section 2 of the Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004 or a scheme to which section 4 of that Act applies,
- (e) a National Park authority established under section 63 of the Environment Act 1995;

“you” (“*chi*”) means you as a member or co-opted member of a relevant authority; and

“your authority” (“*eich awdurdod*”) means the relevant authority of which you are a member or co-opted member.

(2) In relation to a community council—

(a) “proper officer” (“*swyddog priodol*”) means an officer of that council within the meaning of section 270(3) of the Local Government Act 1972; and

(b) “standards committee” (“*pwyllgor safonau*”) means the standards committee of the county or county borough council which has functions in relation to the community council for which it is responsible under section 56(1) and (2) of the Local Government Act 2000.

PART 2 GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. —

Save where paragraph 3(a) applies, you must observe this code of conduct—

- (a) whenever you conduct the business, or are present at a meeting, of your authority;
- (b) whenever you act, claim to act or give the impression you are acting in the role of member to which you were elected or appointed;
- (c) whenever you act, claim to act or give the impression you are acting as a representative of your authority; or
- (d) at all times and in any capacity, in respect of conduct identified in paragraphs 6(1)(a) and 7.

2. —

You should read this code together with the general principles prescribed under section 49(2) of the Local Government Act 2000 in relation to Wales.

3. —

Where you are elected, appointed or nominated by your authority to serve—

- (a) on another relevant authority, or any other body, which includes a Local Health Board you must, when acting for that other authority or body, comply with the code of conduct of that other authority or body; or
- (b) on any other body which does not have a code relating to the conduct of its members, you must, when acting for that other body, comply with this code of conduct, except and insofar as it conflicts with any other lawful obligations to which that other body may be subject.

4. —

You must—

- (a) carry out your duties and responsibilities with due regard to the principle that there should be equality of opportunity for all people, regardless of their gender, race, disability, sexual orientation, age or religion;
- (b) show respect and consideration for others;
- (c) not use bullying behaviour or harass any person; and

- (d) not do anything which compromises, or which is likely to compromise, the impartiality of those who work for, or on behalf of, your authority.

5.—

You must not—

- (a) disclose confidential information or information which should reasonably be regarded as being of a confidential nature, without the express consent of a person authorised to give such consent, or unless required by law to do so;
- (b) prevent any person from gaining access to information to which that person is entitled by law.

6.—

(1) You must—

- (a) not conduct yourself in a manner which could reasonably be regarded as bringing your office or authority into disrepute;
- (b) report, whether through your authority's confidential reporting procedure or direct to the proper authority, any conduct by another member or anyone who works for, or on behalf of, your authority which you reasonably believe involves or is likely to involve criminal behaviour (which for the purposes of this paragraph does not include offences or behaviour capable of punishment by way of a fixed penalty);
- (c) report to your authority's monitoring officer any conduct by another member which you reasonably believe breaches this code of conduct;
- (d) not make vexatious, malicious or frivolous complaints against other members or anyone who works for, or on behalf of, your authority.

(2) You must comply with any request of your authority's monitoring officer, or the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales, in connection with an investigation conducted in accordance with their respective statutory powers.

7.—

You must not—

- (a) in your official capacity or otherwise, use or attempt to use your position improperly to confer on or secure for yourself, or any other person, an advantage or create or avoid for yourself, or any other person, a disadvantage;

- (b) use, or authorise others to use, the resources of your authority—
 - (i) imprudently;
 - (ii) in breach of your authority's requirements;
 - (iii) unlawfully;
 - (iv) other than in a manner which is calculated to facilitate, or to be conducive to, the discharge of the functions of the authority or of the office to which you have been elected or appointed;
 - (v) improperly for political purposes; or
 - (vi) improperly for private purposes.

8.—

You must—

- (a) when participating in meetings or reaching decisions regarding the business of your authority, do so on the basis of the merits of the circumstances involved and in the public interest having regard to any relevant advice provided by your authority's officers, in particular by—
 - (i) the authority's head of paid service;
 - (ii) the authority's chief finance officer;
 - (iii) the authority's monitoring officer;
 - (iv) the authority's chief legal officer (who should be consulted when there is any doubt as to the authority's power to act, as to whether the action proposed lies within the policy framework agreed by the authority or where the legal consequences of action or failure to act by the authority might have important repercussions);
- (b) give reasons for all decisions in accordance with any statutory requirements and any reasonable additional requirements imposed by your authority.

9.—

You must—

- (a) observe the law and your authority's rules governing the claiming of expenses and allowances in connection with your duties as a member;

- (b) avoid accepting from anyone gifts, hospitality (other than official hospitality, such as a civic reception or a working lunch duly authorised by your authority), material benefits or services for yourself or any person which might place you, or reasonably appear to place you, under an improper obligation.

PART 3 INTERESTS

Personal Interests

10. —

(1) You must in all matters consider whether you have a personal interest, and whether this code of conduct requires you to disclose that interest.

(2) You must regard yourself as having a personal interest in any business of your authority if—

- (a) it relates to, or is likely to affect—
 - (i) any employment or business carried on by you;
 - (ii) any person who employs or has appointed you, any firm in which you are a partner or any company for which you are a remunerated director;
 - (iii) any person, other than your authority, who has made a payment to you in respect of your election or any expenses incurred by you in carrying out your duties as a member;
 - (iv) any corporate body which has a place of business or land in your authority's area, and in which you have a beneficial interest in a class of securities of that body that exceeds the nominal value of £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body;
 - (v) any contract for goods, services or works made between your authority and you
 - (v) or a firm in which you are a partner, a company of which you are a remunerated director, or a body of the description specified in sub-paragraph (iv) above;

- (vi) any land in which you have a beneficial interest and which is in the area of your authority;
 - (vii) any land where the landlord is your authority and the tenant is a firm in which you are a partner, a company of which you are a remunerated director, or a body of the description specified in sub-paragraph (iv) above;
 - (viii) anybody to which you have been elected, appointed or nominated by your authority;
 - (ix) any—
 - (aa) public authority or body exercising functions of a public nature;
 - (bb) company, [registered society, charity, or body directed to charitable purposes;
 - (cc) body whose principal purposes include the influence of public opinion or policy;
 - (dd) trade union or professional association; or
 - (ee) private club, society or association operating within your authority's area, in which you have membership or hold a position of general control or management;
 - (x) any land in your authority's area in which you have a licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy for 28 days or longer;
- (c) a decision upon it might reasonably be regarded as affecting—
- (i) your well-being or financial position, or that of a person with whom you live, or any person with whom you have a close personal association;
 - (ii) any employment or business carried on by persons as described in 10(2)(c)(i);
 - (iii) any person who employs or has appointed such persons described in 10(2)(c)(i), any firm in which they are a partner, or any company of which they are directors;
 - (iv) any corporate body in which persons as described in 10(2)(c)(i) have a beneficial interest in a class of securities exceeding the nominal value of £5,000; or

- (v) any body listed in paragraphs 10(2)(a)(ix)(aa) to (ee) in which persons described in 10(2)(c)(i) hold a position of general control or management, to a greater extent than the majority of—
 - (aa) in the case of an authority with electoral divisions or wards, other council tax payers, rate payers or inhabitants of the electoral division or ward, as the case may be, affected by the decision; or
 - (bb) in all other cases, other council tax payers, ratepayers or inhabitants of the authority's area.

Disclosure of Personal Interests

11.—

- (1) Where you have a personal interest in any business of your authority and you attend a meeting at which that business is considered, you must disclose orally to that meeting the existence and nature of that interest before or at the commencement of that consideration, or when the interest becomes apparent.
- (2) Where you have a personal interest in any business of your authority and you make—
 - (a) written representations (whether by letter, facsimile or some other form of electronic communication) to a member or officer of your authority regarding that business, you should include details of that interest in the written communication; or
 - (b) oral representations (whether in person or some form of electronic communication) to a member or officer of your authority you should disclose the interest at the commencement of such representations, or when it becomes apparent to you that you have such an interest, and confirm the representation and interest in writing within 14 days of the representation.
- (3) Subject to paragraph 14(1)(b) below, where you have a personal interest in any business of your authority and you have made a decision in exercising a function of an executive or board, you must in relation to that business ensure that any written statement of that decision records the existence and nature of your interest.
- (4) You must, in respect of a personal interest not previously disclosed, before or immediately after the close of a meeting where the disclosure is made pursuant to sub-paragraph 11(1), give written notification to your authority in accordance with any requirements identified by your authority's monitoring

officer [or in relation to a community council, your authority's proper officer] from time to time but, as a minimum containing—

- (a) details of the personal interest;
 - (b) details of the business to which the personal interest relates; and
 - (c) your signature.
- (5) Where you have agreement from your monitoring officer that the information relating to your personal interest is sensitive information, pursuant to paragraph 16(1), your obligations under this paragraph 11 to disclose such information, whether orally or in writing, are to be replaced with an obligation to disclose the existence of a personal interest and to confirm that your monitoring officer has agreed that the nature of such personal interest is sensitive information.
- (6) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (4), a personal interest will only be deemed to have been previously disclosed if written notification has been provided in accordance with this code since the last date on which you were elected, appointed or nominated as a member of your authority.
- (7) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (3), where no written notice is provided in accordance with that paragraph you will be deemed as not to have declared a personal interest in accordance with this code.

Prejudicial Interests

12.—

- (1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2) below, where you have a personal interest in any business of your authority you also have a prejudicial interest in that business if the interest is one which a member of the public with knowledge of the relevant facts would reasonably regard as so significant that it is likely to prejudice your judgement of the public interest.
- (2) Subject to sub-paragraph (3), you will not be regarded as having a prejudicial interest in any business where that business—
- (a) relates to—
 - (i) another relevant authority of which you are also a member;
 - (ii) another public authority or body exercising functions of a public nature in which you hold a position of general control or management;
 - (iii) a body to which you have been elected, appointed or nominated by your authority;

- (iv) your role as a school governor (where not appointed or nominated by your authority) unless it relates particularly to the school of which you are a governor;
 - (v) your role as a member of a Local Health Board where you have not been appointed or nominated by your authority;
- (b) relates to—
- (i) the housing functions of your authority where you hold a tenancy or lease with your authority, provided that you do not have arrears of rent with your authority of more than two months, and provided that those functions do not relate particularly to your tenancy or lease;
 - (ii) the functions of your authority in respect of school meals, transport and travelling expenses, where you are a guardian, parent, grandparent or have parental responsibility (as defined in section 3 of the Children Act 1989) of a child in full time education, unless it relates particularly to the school which that child attends;
 - (iii) the functions of your authority in respect of statutory sick pay under Part XI of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992, where you are in receipt of, or are entitled to the receipt of such pay from your authority;
 - (iv) the functions of your authority in respect of an allowance or payment made in accordance with the provisions of Part 8 of the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011, or an allowance or pension provided under section 18 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989;
- (c) your role as a community councillor in relation to a grant, loan or other form of financial assistance made by your community council to community or voluntary organisations up to a maximum of £500.
- (3) The exemptions in subparagraph (2)(a) do not apply where the business relates to the determination of any approval, consent, licence, permission or registration.

Overview and Scrutiny Committees

13. —

You also have a prejudicial interest in any business before an overview and scrutiny committee of your authority (or of a sub-committee of such a committee) where—

- (a) that business relates to a decision made (whether implemented or not) or action taken by your authority's executive, board or another of your

authority's committees, sub-committees, joint committees or joint sub-committees; and

- (b) at the time the decision was made or action was taken, you were a member of the executive, board, committee, sub-committee, joint-committee or joint sub-committee mentioned in sub-paragraph (a) and you were present when that decision was made or action was taken.

Participation in Relation to Disclosed Interests

14.—

(1) Subject to sub-paragraphs (2), [(2A), (3) and (4), where you have a prejudicial interest in any business of your authority you must, unless you have obtained a dispensation from your authority's standards committee—

- (a) withdraw from the room, chamber or place where a meeting considering the business is being held—
 - (i) where sub-paragraph (2) applies, immediately after the period for making representations, answering questions or giving evidence relating to the business has ended and in any event before further consideration of the business begins, whether or not the public are allowed to remain in attendance for such consideration; or
 - (ii) in any other case, whenever it becomes apparent that that business is being considered at that meeting;
- (b) not exercise executive or board functions in relation to that business;
- (c) not seek to influence a decision about that business;
- (d) not make any written representations (whether by letter, facsimile or some other form of electronic communication) in relation to that business; and
- (e) not make any oral representations (whether in person or some form of electronic communication) in respect of that business or immediately cease to make such oral representations when the prejudicial interest becomes apparent.

(2) Where you have a prejudicial interest in any business of your authority you may attend a meeting but only for the purpose of making representations, answering questions or giving evidence relating to the business, provided that the public are

also allowed to attend the meeting for the same purpose, whether under a statutory right or otherwise.

(2A) Where you have a prejudicial interest in any business of your authority you may submit written representations to a meeting relating to that business, provided that the public are allowed to attend the meeting for the purpose of making representations, answering questions or giving evidence relating to the business, whether under a statutory right or otherwise.

(2B) When submitting written representations under sub-paragraph (2A) you must comply with any procedure that your authority may adopt for the submission of such representations.

(3) Sub-paragraph (1) does not prevent you attending and participating in a meeting if—

- (a) you are required to attend a meeting of an overview or scrutiny committee, by such committee exercising its statutory powers; or
- (b) you have the benefit of a dispensation provided that you—
 - (i) state at the meeting that you are relying on the dispensation; and
 - (ii) before or immediately after the close of the meeting give written notification to your authority containing—
 - (aa) details of the prejudicial interest;
 - (bb) details of the business to which the prejudicial interest relates;
 - (cc) details of, and the date on which, the dispensation was granted; and
 - (dd) your signature.

(4) Where you have a prejudicial interest and are making written or oral representations to your authority in reliance upon a dispensation, you must provide details of the dispensation within any such written or oral representation and, in the latter case, provide written notification to your authority within 14 days of making the representation.

PART 4 THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS' INTERESTS

Registration of Financial and Other Interests and Memberships and Management Positions

Registration of Personal Interests

- (1) Subject to sub-paragraph (4), you must, within 28 days of—
 - (a) your authority's code of conduct being adopted or the mandatory provisions of this model code being applied to your authority; or
 - (b) your election or appointment to office (if that is later), register your personal interests, where they fall within a category mentioned in paragraph 10(2)(a), in your authority's register of members' interests by providing written notification to your authority's monitoring officer.
- (2) Subject to sub-paragraph (4), you must, within 28 days of becoming aware of any new personal interest falling within a category mentioned in paragraph 10(2)(a), register that new personal interest in your authority's register of members' interests by providing written notification to your authority's monitoring officer.
- (3) Subject to sub-paragraph (4), you must, within 28 days of becoming aware of any change to a registered personal interest falling within a category mentioned in paragraph 10(2)(a), register that change in your authority's register of members' interests by providing written notification to your authority's monitoring officer, or in the case of a community council to your authority's proper officer.
- (4) Sub-paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) do not apply to sensitive information determined in accordance with paragraph 16(1).
- (5) Sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) do not apply if you are a member of a relevant authority which is community council when you act in your capacity as a member of such an authority.
- (6) You must, when disclosing a personal interest in accordance with paragraph 11 for the first time, register that personal interest in your authority's register of members' interests by providing written notification to your authority's monitoring officer, or in the case of a community council to your authority's proper officer.

Sensitive information

16.—

- (1) Where you consider that the information relating to any of your personal interests is sensitive information, and your authority's monitoring officer agrees, you need not include that information when registering that interest, or, as the case may be, a change to the interest under paragraph 15.

- (2) You must, within 28 days of becoming aware of any change of circumstances which means that information excluded under sub-paragraph (1) is no longer sensitive information, notify your authority's monitoring officer [, or in relation to a community council, your authority's proper officer] asking that the information be included in your authority's register of members' interests.
- (3) In this code, “*sensitive information*” (“*gwybodaeth sensitif*”) means information whose availability for inspection by the public creates, or is likely to create, a serious risk that you or a person who lives with you may be subjected to violence or intimidation.

Registration of Gifts and Hospitality

17. -

You must, within 28 days of receiving any gift, hospitality, material benefit or advantage above a value specified in a resolution of your authority, provide written notification to your authority's monitoring officer [, or in relation to a community council, to your authority's proper office of the existence and nature of that gift, hospitality, material benefit or advantage.

Notes

1. S.I. 1990/1553 as amended by S.I. 1991/1389; S.I. 1993/1339; S.I. 1998/1918; and S.I. 1999/500.
2. Definition inserted in para.1(1) by Local Authorities (Model Code of Conduct) (Wales) (Amendment) Order 2016/84 art.2(2)(a) (April 1, 2016)
3. Definition of 'registered society' inserted in para.1 of Sch.1 by Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies and Credit Unions Act 2010 (Consequential Amendments) Regulations 2014/1815 Sch.1 para.21(a) (August 1, 2014 immediately after 2014 c.14)
4. Para.1(2) substituted by Local Authorities (Model Code of Conduct) (Wales) (Amendment) Order 2016/84 art.2(2)(b) (April 1, 2016)
5. Words revoked in para.3(a) by Local Authorities (Model Code of Conduct) (Wales) (Amendment) Order 2016/84 art.2(3)(a) (April 1, 2016)
6. Words revoked in para.6(1)(c) by Local Authorities (Model Code of Conduct) (Wales) (Amendment) Order 2016/84 art.2(3)(b) (April 1, 2016)
7. Words substituted in Sch.1 para.10(2)(a)(ix)(bb) by Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies and Credit Unions Act 2010 (Consequential Amendments) Regulations 2014/1815 Sch.1 para.21(b) (August 1, 2014 immediately after 2014 c.14)
8. Para.10(2)(b) revoked by Local Authorities (Model Code of Conduct) (Wales) (Amendment) Order 2016/84 art.2(4)(a) (April 1, 2016)
9. Words inserted in para.11(4) by Local Authorities (Model Code of Conduct) (Wales) (Amendment) Order 2016/84 art.2(4)(b) (April 1, 2016)
10. Para.12(2)(b)(iv) substituted by Local Authorities (Model Code of Conduct) (Wales) (Amendment) Order 2016/84 art.2(4)(c) (April 1, 2016)
11. Word inserted in para.14(1) by Local Authorities (Model Code of Conduct) (Wales) (Amendment) Order 2016/84 art.2(4)(d)(i) (April 1, 2016)
12. Para.14(2A) and (2B) inserted by Local Authorities (Model Code of Conduct) (Wales) (Amendment) Order 2016/84 art.2(4)(d)(ii) (April 1, 2016)
13. Para.15 substituted by Local Authorities (Model Code of Conduct) (Wales) (Amendment) Order 2016/84 art.2(5)(a) (April 1, 2016)
14. Words inserted in para.16(2) by Local Authorities (Model Code of Conduct) (Wales) (Amendment) Order 2016/84 art.2(5)(b) (April 1, 2016)
15. Words inserted in para.17 by Local Authorities (Model Code of Conduct) (Wales) (Amendment) Order 2016/84 art.2(5)(c) (April 1, 2016) Crown Copyright material is reproduced with the permission of the Controller of HMSO and the Queen's Printer for Scotland

APPENDIX F.

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR EMPLOYEES

1. **General Principles**

The public is entitled to expect the highest standards of conduct from all qualifying employees of relevant authorities. The role of such employees is to serve their employing authority in providing advice, implementing its policies, and delivering services to the local community. In performing their duties, they must act with integrity, honesty, impartiality and objectivity.
2. **Accountability**

Qualifying employees of relevant authorities work for their employing authority and serve the whole of that authority. They are accountable to and owe a duty to that authority. They must act in accordance with the principles set out in this Code, recognising the duty of all public sector employees to discharge public functions reasonably and according to the law.
3. **Political Neutrality**

Qualifying employees of relevant authorities, whether or not politically restricted, must follow every lawfully expressed policy of the authority and must not allow their own personal or political opinions to interfere with their work. Where qualifying employees are politically restricted (by reason of the post they hold, the nature of the work they do, or the salary they are paid), they must comply with any statutory restrictions on their political activities.
4. **Relations with members, the public and other employees**

Mutual respect between qualifying employees and members is essential to good local government, and working relationships should be kept on a professional basis. Qualifying employees of relevant authorities should deal with the public, members and other employees sympathetically, efficiently, and without bias.
6. **Equality**

Qualifying employees of relevant authorities must comply with policies relating to equality issues, as agreed by the authority, in addition to the requirements of the law.
7. **Stewardship**

Qualifying employees of relevant authorities must ensure that they use public funds entrusted to them in a responsible and lawful manner, and must not utilise property, vehicles or other facilities of the authority for personal use unless authorised to do so.
8. **Personal Interests**

Whilst qualifying employees' private lives are their own concern, they must not allow their private interests to conflict with their public duty. They must not misuse their official position or information acquired in the course of their

employment to further their private interests, or the interests of others. In particular, they must comply with:

- (1) any rules of their relevant authority on the registration and declaration by employees of financial and non - financial interests,
- (2) Any rules of their relevant authority on the declaration by employees of hospitality or gifts offered to or received by them, from any person or organisation doing or seeking to do business, or otherwise benefiting or seeking to benefit from a relationship with the authority. Qualifying employees must not accept benefits from a third party unless authorised to do so by their relevant authority.

9. Whistleblowing

In the event that a qualifying employee becomes aware of activities which that employee believes to be illegal, improper, unethical or otherwise inconsistent with this Code, the employee should report the matter, acting in accordance with the employee's rights under the Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998, and with the relevant authority's confidential reporting procedure, or any other procedure designed for this purpose.

10. Treatment of Information

Openness in the dissemination of information and decision making should be the norm in relevant authorities. However, certain information may be confidential or sensitive and therefore not appropriate for a wide audience. Where confidentiality is necessary to protect the privacy or other rights of individuals or bodies, information should not be released to anyone other than a member, relevant authority employee or other person who is entitled to receive it, or needs to have access to it for the proper discharge of their functions. Nothing in this Code can be taken as overriding existing statutory or common law obligations to keep certain information confidential, or to divulge certain information.

11. Appointment of Staff

Qualifying employees of relevant authorities involved in the recruitment and appointment of staff must ensure that appointments are made on the basis of merit. In order to avoid any possible accusation of bias, such employees must not be involved in any appointment, or any other decisions relating to discipline, promotion or pay and conditions for any other employee, or prospective employee, to whom they are related, or with whom they have a close personal relationship outside work.

12. Investigations by Monitoring Officers

Where a monitoring officer is undertaking an investigation in accordance with regulations made under section 73(1) of the Local Government Act 2000(9) a qualifying employee must comply with any requirement made by that monitoring officer in connection with such an investigation.

APPENDIX G.

STAFF / MEMBER PROTOCOL

1. Introduction.

- 1.1 This document has been put together to give all staff and Members guidance on accepted good practice in respect of Council protocol. It is in addition to information and guidance provided by other publications such as “The Good Members Guide” and One Voice Wales guidelines on Chairmanship.
- 1.2 Copies of this Protocol will be issued to all staff on appointment and Members on election. It will complement any statutory procedures or legislation enacted from time to time.
- 1.3 The purpose of this protocol is to guide staff and Members in their relations with one another and their dealings with other Members and staff from any tier of Government in such a way as to ensure the smooth running of the Council. Given the variety and complexity of such relations, this protocol does not seek to be either prescriptive or comprehensive. It simply offers guidance on some of the issues which most commonly arise. It is hoped, however, that the approach which it adopts to these issues will serve as a guide to dealing with other circumstances.
- 1.4 This Protocol is to a large extent a written statement of current practice and convention. It seeks to promote greater clarity and certainty. If the protocol is followed it should ensure that Members receive objective and impartial advice and that staff are protected from accusations of bias and any undue influence from Members.
- 1.5 It also seeks to reflect the principles underlying the Code of Conduct for staff detailed in the staff handbook, and the legislative code that applies to Members. The object of this code is to enhance and maintain the integrity (real and perceived) of local government to ensure high standards of personal conduct. The Council has adopted the Codes of Conduct for staff and Members and this protocol should be read in conjunction with the appropriate Code and the relevant provisions of the Council’s other adopted policies.

2. Definitions.

- 2.1 **Agendas.**

The proper officer (hereinafter identified as the Town Clerk in line with Standing Orders) is responsible under statute for the summons to attend a meeting of the Town Council, Committees and Sub Committees, specifying the business proposed to be transacted at the meeting, duly signed, and circulated to Members in advance of the meetings in compliance with the statutory requirements. The Town Clerk may consult with the appropriate Chairs during the preparation of Agendas. The Chairs works in partnership with the Town Clerk to make sure that the Council is properly informed for making lawful decisions during meetings.
- 2.2 **Staff at Meetings.**

The Town Clerk or other appointed officer as delegated by the Town Clerk will be present at **all meetings** involving Members of the Town Council and will advise on

any questions relating to Standing Orders, Financial Regulations, legal requirements or committee procedures and will supervise the production of formal Minutes of the meeting. Where for whatever reason a staff member is not able to attend a meeting the meeting is not invalidated. The Chair presides and a Member may take the minutes.

2.3 Minutes.

The Town Clerk or other appointed officer is responsible for the content of all Minutes and for circulation prior to adoption by the Town Council.

2.4 Authority to Act.

No individual Member (including Committee Chair's and the Town Mayor) or informal groups of Members can make a decision on behalf of the Council. There is no such thing as 'Chair's Action.'

3. **Council Decision Making.**

3.1 Decision making by Llangollen Town Council or Council Committees will follow the Council's procedural rules set out in Standing Orders and Financial Regulations when considering any matter.

3.2 Principles of decision making

All decisions of the Council will be made in accordance with the following principles:

- Proportionality i.e. the action should be proportionate to the desired outcome
- Following due consultation and the taking advice from staff
- Respect for human rights
- Presumption in favour of openness
- Clarity of aims and desired outcomes

4. **Chairing the Council (role of the Town Mayor).**

4.1 The Town Mayor, who is also the Chair of the Council, will be elected by the Council annually and will receive regular briefings by the Town Clerk on current issues. While the title confers no additional powers on the Town Mayor, as Chair they will have the following responsibilities:

- to uphold and promote the purposes of the Standing Orders and Financial Regulations, and to interpret the Standing Orders and Financial Regulations when necessary;
- to preside over meetings of the Council so that its business can be carried out efficiently and with regard to the rights of Members and the interests of the community;
- to ensure that the Council meeting is a forum for the debate of matters of concern to the local community and the place at which Members who do not hold committee chairs are able to hold the Town Mayor and committee chair's to account;
- to promote public involvement in the Council's activities;
- to be the conscience of the Council; and

- to attend such civic and ceremonial functions as the Council and he/she determines appropriate.
- Reflecting the balance of evidence, legal or financial advice

5. Principles Underlying Staff/Member Relations.

- 5.1 The Nolan Report on Standards of Conduct in Local Government suggests that 'No local authority can function properly without a good relationship between its Members and its staff. Where the relationship breaks down, an atmosphere of suspicion or dislike can make it very difficult to devise and implement policies in any consistent way.' The general principles which govern the conduct of Members (selflessness, honesty and integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, personal judgement, respect for others, duty to uphold the law, stewardship and leadership) require Members to respect the impartiality and integrity of an authority's statutory staff and other staff. Those principles are equally appropriate for staff in their dealings with Members.
- 5.7 **Roles of Members.**
Members are responsible to the electorate and serve only so long as their term of office lasts. Members are democratically elected and are accountable to the electorate for their actions. An important feature of each Member's role is to represent the interests of his/her constituents, irrespective of how they may have voted in an election. The expectation is that Members will be more aware of the views of their constituents on major policy developments before decisions are taken collectively at Council meetings.
- 5.8 **Roles of Staff.**
The Town Clerk is responsible for day-to-day managerial and operational decisions within the Council and the provision of support to all Members. The Town Clerk has a duty to implement decisions of the Council which are lawful, and which have been properly approved in accordance with the requirements of the law recorded in the Minutes of the Council.
- 5.9 **Employer/Staff Issues.**
At the heart of this Protocol, is the importance of mutual respect. Staff/Member relationships should be conducted in a positive and constructive way. Therefore, it is important that any dealings between staff and Members should observe reasonable standards of courtesy and that neither party should seek to take unfair advantage of their position or seek to exert undue influence on the other party.
- 5.10 Members should recognise in their dealings with staff that inappropriate conduct or behaviour on their part could lead to a case being brought to an employment tribunal by an aggrieved staff member. It is proper for a Member to make written or oral representations about a matter affecting a constituent who also happens to be a staff member but he/she should avoid taking a proactive part or represent or act as an advocate on behalf of the staff in any disciplinary or grievance procedures brought against the Council by the staff member.
- 5.11 Members should not place inappropriate pressure on staff and must ensure that all communication between them (including written communication) does not bring

the Council into disrepute, cause any embarrassment to them, or lead to a breakdown of mutual trust respect and courtesy in Staff/Member relations.

- 5.12 In particular, Members and staff should promote equality by not discriminating unlawfully or otherwise against any person. They should treat people with respect, regardless of their race, age, religion, gender, sexual orientation or disability.
- 5.13 A Member should not raise matters relating to the conduct or capability of a staff member in a manner that is incompatible with the objectives of this Protocol. This is a long-standing tradition in public service. A staff member has no means of responding to such criticisms in public. If a Member feels he/she has not been treated with proper respect, courtesy or has any concern about the conduct or capability of a staff member, and fails to resolve it through direct discussion with the staff member, he/she should raise the matter with the Town Clerk. The Town Clerk will then look into the facts and report back to the Member.
- 5.14 Any action taken against a staff member in respect of a complaint will be in accordance with the provisions of the Council's Disciplinary Rules and Procedures.
- 5.15 A staff member should not raise with a Member matters relating to the conduct or capability of another staff member at or in a manner that is incompatible with the overall objectives of this Protocol. This does not, however, prevent a staff member raising a concern with a Member under the Council's whistleblowing procedure
- 5.16 Where a staff member feels that he/she has not been properly treated with respect and courtesy by a Member, he/she should raise the matter with the Town Clerk, especially if they do not feel able to discuss it directly with the Member concerned. In these circumstances the Town Clerk will take appropriate action either by approaching the individual Member or by referring the matter to the Monitoring Officer at the Unitary Authority in the context of the Standards Committee considering the complaint.
- 5.17 Guidance on personal relationships is contained in the Code of Conduct within the Staff Handbook. Provided these are observed, more informal exchanges may be appropriate between Members and staff outside business meetings and formal events.
- 5.18 It is important that there should be a close working relationship between Members, Chair's and leaders of political parties with staff. However, such relationships should never be allowed to become so close, or appear to be so close as to bring into question the issue of impartiality into doubt.

6. Staff support to Members.

- 6.1 The Town Clerk is responsible for day-to-day managerial and operational decisions within the authority and for the provision of support to all Members.
- 6.2 Certain statutory staff members - the Proper Officer and Responsible Financial Officer have specific roles. These are addressed in Standing Orders and Financial Regulations. Their roles need to be understood and respected by all Members.

- 6.3 Independence of the Town Clerk
The Town Clerk is not answerable to any individual Member, not even to the Chair (Town Mayor). The Town Clerk is an independent and objective servant of the Council as a single corporate body, recognising that the Council is responsible for all decisions and taking instructions from the Council in its capacity as a single corporate body. The Town Clerk is not a secretary and is not at the beck and call of the Chairman or other Members. The clerk is the proper officer of the council in law. Legally councils can delegate decisions to clerks because they are trusted professional officers whose objectivity allows them to act for the Council. The Clerk cannot be line-managed by any one councillor.
- 6.4 The Town Clerk has a right and a duty to report to the Council, or any committee or subcommittee on any issue which he/she deems appropriate. He/she has a right and obligation to obtain sound advice as he/she deems appropriate in order to assist in his/her role in reporting to the Council.
- 6.5 As an independent and objective professional, the Town Clerk (or such delegated staff member) advises the Council on whether decisions are lawful and ways in which decisions can be implemented.
- 6.6 The Town Clerk, or another staff member or adviser as he/she determines, shall research topics of concern to the Council and provide unbiased information to enable the Council to make an informed decision.
- 6.8 Members must not issue orders, instructions or directions to staff. Authorisation to carry out work on behalf of the Council can only be issued by the Town Clerk and/or the Responsible Finance Officer. The office of Town Mayor or as a Committee Chair does not confer this status.
- 6.9 Staff will do their best to give timely responses to Members' enquiries. However, staff should not have unreasonable requests placed on them. Their work priorities are set and managed by their Line Managers. Members should avoid disrupting staff members work by imposing their own priorities.
- 6.10 Much of the work of the Council is time sensitive and staff are usually working to tight deadlines. In order to help minimise disruption and to enable staff to plan and prioritise their work programme, Members should always seek to make an appointment to see a staff member and give an outline of what issues are to be discussed. This will help staff to provide the most relevant advice as preparation and research where necessary can be carried out before the meeting.
- 6.11 Members should try to give timely responses to enquiries from staff, particularly where the Council must itself comply with legal time limits for making decisions (for example in relation to planning applications).
- 6.12 Staff should not discuss with a Councillor personal matters concerning him/herself or another individual staff member. This does not prevent an officer raising on a personal basis, and in his/her own time, a matter with a Councillor.

- 6.13 Members and staff should respect each other's free time. Council business should only be discussed when both Councillor and staff member are acting in their official capacity.
- 6.14 Staff member Advice to Party Groups and Individual Members.
It must be recognised by all staff and Members that in discharging their duties and responsibilities, staff serve the Council as a whole and not any political group, combination of groups or any individual Councillor of the Council. In the law relating to town councils, there is no provision for dealing with party political groups.
- 6.15 Staff must at all times maintain political neutrality. They are not servants of any particular party, group, or individual although where a party or group has a majority of seats on the Council, staff can take appropriate recognition of that fact in the day to day working of the Council as long as no decision or regulation of the Council is not complied with or breached. All staff must, in their dealings with political groups and individual Members, treat them in a fair and even-handed manner.
- 6.16 Certain points must, therefore, be clearly understood by all those representing party groups. In particular:
- staff assistance must not extend beyond providing information and advice in relation to matters of Council business. Staff must not be involved in advising on matters of party business.
 - where staff provide information and advice to a party group in relation to a matter of Council business, this cannot act as a substitute for providing all necessary information and advice to the relevant Council decision making body when the matter in question is considered.
 - Whilst support for Members' ward work is legitimate, care should be taken if staff are asked to accompany Members to ward surgeries. In such circumstances:
 - the surgeries must be open to the general public, and
 - staff should not be requested to accompany Members to surgeries held in the offices or premises of political parties.
 - Staff must never be asked to attend ward or constituency political party meetings.
- 6.17 It is acknowledged that some Council staff may receive and handle messages for Members on topics unrelated to the Council. Whilst these will often concern diary management, care should be taken to avoid Council resources being used for private or party political purposes.
- 6.18 In seeking to deal with constituents' queries or concerns, Members should respect the Council's procedures. Staff have many pressures on their time. They may not be able to carry out the work required by Members in the requested timescale and may need to seek instructions from their Line Managers.

7. Use of Council Resources.

- 7.1 A Member must, when using or authorising the use of the resources of the Council, act in accordance with the authority's requirements and ensure that such resources are not used for political purposes and that use could reasonably be regarded as likely to facilitate, or be conducive to, the discharge of the functions of the authority or of the office to which the Member has been elected or appointed.
- 7.2 The Council provides support services such as stationery, typing, printing, photocopying to Members to assist them in discharging their role as Members of the Council. Such support services must therefore only be used on Council business and should never be used in connection with party political or campaigning activity or for private purposes.
- 8. Members' Access to Information and to Council Documents.**
- 8.1 There is a general presumption of open government within the Council. Members are free to approach the Town Clerk to obtain such information, explanation and as they may reasonably need in order to assist them in discharging their role as Members of the Council. This can range from a request for general information to a request for specific information on behalf of a constituent.
- 8.2 Where information is requested on behalf of a third party, this will be treated as a request made under the Freedom of Information Act 2000, and the Council's normal procedures under that Act will be followed.
- 8.3 As regards the legal rights of Members to inspect Council documents, these are covered partly by statute and partly by the common law. Members have a statutory right to inspect any Council document which contains material relating to any business which is to be transacted by the Council. This right applies irrespective of whether the Member is a Member of the Committee or Sub Committee concerned and extends not only to reports which are to be submitted to the meeting, but also to any relevant background papers. This right does not, however, apply to documents relating to certain items which may appear as a confidential item on the agenda for a meeting. The items in question are those which contain exempt information relating to staff, occupiers of Council property, applicants for grants and other services, the care of children, contract and industrial relations negotiations, advice from Counsel and criminal investigations.
- 8.4 A Member has a prima facie right to inspect Council documents so far as his/her access to the document is reasonably necessary to enable the Member properly to perform his/her duties as a Member of the Council. This principle is commonly referred to as the 'need to know' principle.
- 8.5 The exercise of this common law right depends therefore, upon an individual Member being able to demonstrate that she/he has the necessary 'need to know'. In this respect a Member has no right to 'a roving commission' to go and examine documents of the Council. Mere curiosity is not sufficient. The crucial question is the determination of the 'need to know'. This question must be determined by the Town Clerk.
- 8.6 In some circumstances (e.g. a Committee Member wishing to inspect documents relating to the business of that Committee) a Member's 'need to know' will normally

be presumed. In other circumstances (e.g. a Member wishing to inspect documents which contain personal information about third parties) the Member will normally be expected to justify the request in specific terms. In some circumstances duties of confidentiality to external bodies, or imposed by statute may override the common law right.

8.7 Any Council information provided to a Member must only be used by the Member for the purpose for which it was provided, i.e. in connection with the proper performance of the Member's duties as a Member of the Council. Therefore, for example, early drafts of Committee reports/briefing papers are not suitable for public disclosure and should not be used other than for the purpose for which they were supplied.

8.9 A Member must **not**:

- I. disclose information given to him/her in confidence by anyone or information acquired which he/she believes is of a confidential nature, without the consent of a person authorised to give it, or unless he is required by law to do so; and
- II. prevent another person from gaining access to information to which that person is entitled by law'

8.10 Any such breach of confidence may result in censure by the Council or in a complaint to the Monitoring Officer or, if sufficiently serious, in civil action against the Member and/or the Council for damages.

9. Correspondence (including email).

9.1 Letters and emails must be sent on Llangollen Town Council headed paper or from a Council account. It will, however, be appropriate in certain circumstances (e.g. representations) for a letter or email to appear in the name of the Town Mayor as Chair of the Council. Letters and emails which, for example, create legal obligations or give instructions on behalf of the Council should never be sent out in the name of a Member.

10. Publicity and Press Releases.

10.1 Press releases will be issued in accordance with the Press and Media Policy as adopted by the Council.

11. Arbitration.

11.1 Mutual understanding, openness on these sorts of sensitive issues and basic respect are the greatest safeguard of the integrity of the Council, its Members and staff. Where necessary, the Town Clerk will arbitrate on the implementation of this protocol in line with other Town Council policies, Standing Orders and Financial Regulations.

Llangollen Town Council
Fixed Assets and Long Term Investments

Asset Description	Date Acquired	Purchase Value	Current Value	Location /Responsibility	Estimated Life	Usage/Capacity	Charges
Asset Management							
1 PC	2021	675.00	675.00	Council office/Town Coun	3		
1 PC	2012	675.00	675.00	Council office/Town Coun	3		
12 Chairs	1974	900.00	900.00	Council office/Town Coun	20		
20 Hanging Baskets	2005	1,200.00	600.00	Llangollen/Town Coounci	10		
4 Office Chairs	2012	320.00	320.00	Council office/Town Coun	20		
5 Flower Towers	2005	1,000.00	500.00	Llangollen/Town Coounci	10		
5 Reception Chairs	1974	300.00	300.00	Council office/Town Coun	20		
6 3 tier Sq. Planters	2005	2,000.00	100.00	Llangollen/Town Coounci	10		
6 Barrier baskets	2005	635.00	325.00	Llangollen/Town Coounci	10		
Apollo Lake N3350 PC Windows 10 Pro	2022	150.00	130.00	Chamber	5		
Audio siystem	2020	985.00	500.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Bridge	2011	1.00	320,000.00	Berwyn / Town Council	100		
CCTV Equipment	2006	5,000.00		Llangollen/Town Coounci	1		
CCTV Equipment	2006	5,000.00		Llangollen/Town Coounci	1		
CCTV Equipment	2006	5,000.00		Llangollen/Town Coounci	1		
CCTV Equipment	2006	5,000.00		Llangollen/Town Coounci	1		
CCTV Equipment	2006	5,000.00		Llangollen/Town Coounci	1		
CCTV Equipment	2006	6,000.00		Council office/Town Coun	1		
CCTV Equipment	2006	5,000.00		Llangollen/Town Coounci	1		
Coemar Dmx	2012	300.00	200.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Coemar Dmx	2012	300.00	200.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Coemar Dmx	2012	300.00	200.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Coemar Dmx	2012	300.00	200.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Double sided wooden benches	2018	5,899.00	5,899.00	Llangollen/Town Coounci	25		
Double sided wooden benches	2018	5,899.00	5,899.00	Llangollen/Town Coounci	25		
Elumen 8 120 LED Fresnell	21/02/2024	264.00	264.00	Town Hall	10 years		

Llangollen Town Council
Fixed Assets and Long Term Investments

Asset Description	Date Acquired	Purchase Value	Current Value	Location /Responsibility	Estimated Life	Usage/Capacity	Charges
Elumen 8 120 LED Fresnell	21/02/2024	264.00	264.00	Town Hall	10 years		
Elumen 8 120 LED Fresnell	21/02/2024	264.00	264.00	Town Hall	10 years		
Elumen 8 120 LED Fresnell	21/02/2024	264.00	264.00	Town Hall	10 years		
Elumen 8 120 LED Fresnell	21/02/2024	264.00	264.00	Town Hall	10 years		
Elumen 8 120 LED Fresnell	20/02/2024	264.00	264.00	Town Hall	10 years		
Elumen 8 180 LED Fresnell	21/02/2024	440.00	440.00	Town Hall	10 years		
Elumen 8 180 LED Fresnell	21/02/2024	440.00	440.00	Town Hall	10 years		
Elumen 8 180 LED Fresnell	21/02/2024	440.00	440.00	Town Hall	10 years		
Elumen 8 180 LED Fresnell	21/02/2024	440.00	440.00	Town Hall	10 years		
Elumen 8 180 LED Fresnell	21/02/2024	440.00	440.00	Town Hall	10 years		
Elumen 8 180 LED Fresnell	21/02/2024	440.00	440.00	Town Hall	10 years		
Elumen 8 Vitruoso 1000 profile and lense	21/02/2024	763.40	763.40	Town Hall	10 years		
Elumen 8 Vitruoso 1000 profile and lense	21/02/2024	763.40	763.40	Town Hall	10 years		
Elumen 8 Vitruoso 1000 profile and lense	21/02/2024	763.40	763.40	Town Hall	10 years		
Elumen 8 Vitruoso 1000 profile and lense	21/02/2024	763.40	763.40	Town Hall	10 years		
Elumen 8 Vitruoso 1000 profile and lense	21/02/2024	763.40	763.40	Town Hall	10 years		
Elumen 8 Vitruoso 1000 profile and lense	21/02/2024	763.40	763.40	Town Hall	10 years		
Festive lights	2018	2,928.00	3,000.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		

Llangollen Town Council
Fixed Assets and Long Term Investments

Asset Description	Date Acquired	Purchase Value	Current Value	Location /Responsibility	Estimated Life	Usage/Capacity	Charges
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Folding Table	2020	40.00	35.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Incidental chairs	2014	500.00	500.00	Council office/Town Coun	20		
Land	1974	3,000.00	3,000.00	Llangollen/Town Coounci	100		
Land	2010	28,000.00	28,000.00	Llangollen/Town Coounci	100		
Laptop	2017	450.00	450.00	Council office/Town Coun	3		
Laptop	2022	450.00	450.00	Council office/Town Coun	3		
Led Fixed Batten	2012	250.00	190.00	Town Hall/Town Council	15		
Led J Stage Flood	2012	250.00	190.00	Town Hall/Town Council	15		
Led J Stage Wash	2012	250.00	190.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Led J Stage Wash	2012	250.00	190.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Led Stage Flood	2012	250.00	190.00	Town Hall/Town Council	15		
Led Stage Flood	2012	250.00	190.00	Town Hall/Town Council	15		
Led Stage Flood	2012	250.00	190.00	Town Hall/Town Council	15		
Lighting Desk	2012	1,500.00	1,000.00	Town Hall/Town Council	10		
Logitech Combo MK330 Wireless Keyboard & I	2022	50.00	50.00	Chamber	5		
Logitech Meetup Conferencing Camera	2022	1,020.00	900.00	Chamber	10		
Logitech Meetup Mic Extention	2022	270.00	200.00	Chamber	10		
Mayor's Chair	1974	300.00	300.00	Council office/Town Coun	20		
Micro Spot	2012	250.00	190.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		

Llangollen Town Council
Fixed Assets and Long Term Investments

Asset Description	Date Acquired	Purchase Value	Current Value	Location /Responsibility	Estimated Life	Usage/Capacity	Charges
Micro Spot	2012	250.00	190.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Pin Spot	2012	500.00	375.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Pin Spot	2012	300.00	200.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Prelude 1360	2012	500.00	375.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Prelude 1360	2012	500.00	375.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Prelude 1630	2012	500.00	375.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Prelude 1630	2012	300.00	200.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Prelude 1630	2012	300.00	200.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Prelude Pc	2012	999.00	290.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Prelude Pc	2012	999.00	290.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Prelude Pc	2012	999.00	290.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Prelude Pc	2012	999.00	290.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Prelude1360	2012	500.00	375.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Queue Barrier	2020	110.00	110.00	Town Hall/Town Council	10		
Roadside Seats	1974	725.00	725.00	Llangollen/Town Coounci	20		
Roadside Seats	1974	2,900.00	2,900.00	Llangollen/Town Coounci	20		
Roadside Seats	1974	1,450.00	1,450.00	Llangollen/Town Coounci	20		
Screen	2018	2,000.00	2,000.00	Town Hall/Town Council	10		
Selecon Pacific Projector	2012	250.00	190.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Selecon Pacific Projector	2012	250.00	190.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Shredder	2009	400.00	400.00	Council office/Town Coun	10		
Sinlge sided wooden bench	2018	9,798.00	9,798.00	Llangollen/Town Coounci	25		
Slated litter bins	2018	2,500.00	2,500.00	Llangollen/Town Coounci	25		
Slatted bench	2018	1,320.00	1,320.00	Llangollen/Town Coounci	25		
Slatted bench	2018	1,995.00	1,995.00	Llangollen/Town Coounci	25		
Snowblast Mk11 Snow machine	16/11/2023	40.00	40.00	Town Hall	5		
Snowblast Mk11 Snow machine	16/11/2023	40.00	40.00	Town Hall	5		
Sound Desk	2012	800.00	600.00	Town Hall/Town Council	10		

Llangollen Town Council
Fixed Assets and Long Term Investments

Asset Description	Date Acquired	Purchase Value	Current Value	Location /Responsibility	Estimated Life	Usage/Capacity	Charges
Sound Mixer	2012	300.00	200.00	Town Hall/Town Council	10		
Speaker Bose	2012	390.00	290.00	Town Hall/Town Council	10		
Speaker Bose	2012	390.00	290.00	Town Hall/Town Council	10		
Speaker Bose 101	2012	250.00	190.00	Town Hall/Town Council	10		
Speaker Bose 101	2012	250.00	190.00	Town Hall/Town Council	10		
Speaker Martin Em	2012	300.00	200.00	Town Hall/Town Council	10		
Speaker Martin Em	2012	300.00	200.00	Town Hall/Town Council	10		
Speaker Martin Em	2012	300.00	200.00	Town Hall/Town Council	10		
Speaker Martin Em	2012	300.00	200.00	Town Hall/Town Council	10		
Staking Chairs (164)	2023	40.00	6,450.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Strand Pat 743	2012	250.00	190.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Strand Pat 743	2012	250.00	190.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Strand Quartet	2012	250.00	190.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
T Spot	2012	300.00	200.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
T Spot	2012	1,500.00	1,000.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Toshiba 64" 4K television	2022	895.00	895.00	Chamber	10		
Town Hall	2012	1.00	1.00	Llangollen/Town Coouncil	100		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		

Llangollen Town Council
Fixed Assets and Long Term Investments

Asset Description	Date Acquired	Purchase Value	Current Value	Location /Responsibility	Estimated Life	Usage/Capacity	Charges
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
TRC 1008 Self locking clamp	21/02/2024	10.00	10.00	Town Hall	10 years		
War Memorial	1974		25,000.00	Llangollen/Town Council	100		
Water Bowser	2005	2,290.00	600.00	Town Hall/Town Council	5		
Worcester Boiler	2021	33,065.00	33,000.00	Town Hall/Town Council	25		
		181,936.40	484,436.40				
Cost of Democracy							
10 Trophies	1974	2,440.00	2,440.00	Council office/Town Council	0		
Deputy Mayor's Chain	1974	300.00	300.00	Deputy Town Mayor's residence	20		
Mayoress Chain of Office	1974	600.00	600.00	Council office / Town Council	20		
Retired Mayors Chain of Office	1974	1,500.00	1,500.00	Council office / Town Council	20		
Town Mayors Chain of Office	2017	2,900.00	2,900.00	Town Mayor's residence /	20		
		7,740.00	7,740.00				
Grand Total:		189,676.40	492,176.40				



LLANGOLLEN TOWN COUNCIL
ANNUAL REPORT
— 2025-26 —

LLANGOLLEN TOWN COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT

Civic Year
May 2024 – April 2025.



Welcome to this year's Annual Report for 2025–2026. I hope you will find it both informative and encouraging, highlighting the continued work of Llangollen Town Council and the positive contribution we make to the wellbeing of our community.

Over the past year, the Council has remained firmly committed to supporting and enhancing local services, recognising their vital importance to the quality of life for residents and visitors alike.

Through a strong and collaborative approach, we have worked to maintain and develop services that strengthen community wellbeing and ensure the town continues to thrive. It has been both an honour and a privilege to serve as Mayor of Llangollen. This role, rooted in our town's proud heritage, has allowed me to meet many inspiring individuals and organisations whose dedication to Llangollen is truly commendable.

I would like to extend a warm welcome to the new Members who have joined the Town Council this year. Their enthusiasm and fresh perspectives will play an important role in shaping our future work. I also wish to express my sincere thanks to all elected Members and, importantly, to the Town Council staff. Their professionalism, commitment, and hard work are essential to everything we achieve.

The progress made over the past year reflects a genuine team effort, with Councillors and staff working together constructively and effectively in the best interests of the community. This collaborative approach ensures that the Council remains responsive, supportive, and focused on delivering for Llangollen.

Looking ahead, we will continue to build on these strong foundations—supporting local services, enhancing community wellbeing, and fostering an inclusive and positive environment for all. By maintaining a strong partnership between Members, staff, and the wider community, I am confident we can continue to make meaningful progress for our town.

Thank you for your support.

Cllr Aled Morris

Town Mayor

Town Clerk's Statement.

The Town Council has continued to make meaningful investments in its assets, ensuring they are well maintained and enhanced for the benefit of the community. During the past year, this has included a number of notable projects, such as the installation of new benches across the town to improve accessibility and encourage people to spend time in our shared spaces, as well as the refurbishment of the Town Hall outbuildings, helping to preserve and maximise the use of important community facilities.

Alongside these improvements, we have continued to support a wide range of valued local organisations whose work plays a vital role in enriching the life and wellbeing of our town.

These partnerships remain essential in sustaining a vibrant, inclusive, and resilient community.

The Council has also taken further steps in progressing its commitment to addressing climate change. While we are proud of the progress made to date, we recognise that this is an ongoing challenge that requires continued focus and collective action. We remain committed to working closely with our community to develop and implement practical, sustainable solutions for the future.

I would like to extend a warm welcome to both the new Councillors and the new members of staff who have joined the Town Council over the past year. Their enthusiasm, skills, and fresh perspectives have already made a positive contribution to our work. I would also like to place on record my sincere thanks to all staff and Members for their continued dedication and professionalism.

The achievements of the past year reflect a strong team approach, with Councillors and staff working closely together to deliver positive outcomes for the community. Combined with the enduring spirit of local pride and the invaluable contributions of our volunteers, I am confident that Llangollen will continue to adapt, grow, and thrive in the years ahead.

Gareth Thomas

Town Clerk
May 2026

About Llangollen Town Council.



Llangollen Town Council was created in 1974 following local government re-organisation and the disbanding of Llangollen Urban District Council. It is one of 37 city, town and community councils in Denbighshire.

Llangollen Town Council serves a community of approximately 3,900 residents (3,362 electorate). It consists of eleven Councillors elected for a term of 5 years. The Councillors who took office in 2022 will hold office until May 2027.

Meetings of the Town Council are held in the Council Chamber at the Town Hall on the third Tuesday of every month at 6.00 pm and the public are welcome to attend either in person or via video conferencing which is now a legal requirement for all Town Council meetings. Meetings of the Asset Management Committee, Climate, Ecology and Cittaslow Committee and Human Resources Committee are held quarterly.

The Town Council has a legal identity as corporate bodies and are separate and distinct from the persons who, comprise an authority for the time being. As such, they can hold property, employ staff, and sue or be sued in their own name. This means that individual councillors are not personally liable for acts done in good faith by the Council. However, Local Authorities derive their powers from statute and do not exist independently of it. This means that, although they may properly lobby for changes in the law, in their day-to-day conduct of affairs they must act within the law as it stands. It also means that councils are subject to the ultra

vires doctrine and cannot act beyond the powers bestowed upon them by statute.

Councillors.

Llangollen Town Council has 11 elected Town Councillors. The members individually contribute to the work of the whole Town Council by:

- attending meetings when summonsed.
- engaging in constructive debate.
- commenting on proposals to ensure the best outcome; and voting to enable the Town Council to make decisions.
- responding to the needs and views of the community.
- representing their constituents.
- suggesting ideas.

Members are elected to office and normally serve on the Town Council for a term of five years. The most recent election was held on 5 May 2022. A Town Councillor is a holder of a public office, not a volunteer, and can receive a range of mandatory payments.

The Town Council holds an Annual meeting in May and ordinary meetings are held at 6.00 pm on the third Tuesday of every month (except August) and it is also much easier to be involved in council business through remote meetings via Teams or Zoom.



The Town Council conducts its business through Council and committee meetings to which members are summoned to attend. These meetings are supported by formal agendas compiled, sanctioned, and authenticated by the Clerk which specify the business to be transacted.

The Town Council has appointed standing committees (committees which meet on an on-going basis) which enjoy delegated powers to make decisions on the Town Council's behalf. The Town Council's standing committees are currently: -
Asset Management,
Management and Establishment
Planning.

Additionally, Members actively support other local and national groups and there are Member representatives on the following outside bodies: -

- Clwydian Range and Dee Valley Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty.
- Denbighshire Tourism Destination Partnership.
- Dementia Friendly Llangollen
- Llangollen Christmas Festival.
- Llangollen Parks Project
- Llangollen Silver Band.
- Llangollen Youth Trust.
- One Voice Wales.
- Ysgol y Gwernant.

The past year has seen changes with the Town Council with the co-option of two new excellent Councillors.

Finance.

The Council derives funds from generated income and the precept. The precept is an additional amount which is added to Denbighshire County Council Tax bills based upon Llangollen Town Council’s estimated expenditure.



The Council has maintained relatively healthy financial reserves and balances and can be assured of the continued payment of the precept which is a statutory requirement placed on the County Council.

INCOME EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT TO FOLLOW

Administration.



The Town Council employs three staff. The Town Clerk who manages the councils' activities and provides administrative assistance and professional advice. As its chief officer, the Town Clerk protects the Town Council as a corporate body.

A council must also appoint a Responsible Financial Officer to manage its finances. The Town Clerk fulfils both these functions.

The Deputy Town Clerk (Facilities and Operations) role is to support the Town Clerk to ensure that the decisions of the Town Council are carried out with responsibility for facilities and operations and to deputise for the Town Clerk. The post holder has regular contact with suppliers, local community groups, tenants of the Council and liaises with architects, engineers, etc. on various schemes and projects and is responsible for the engagement and supervision of contractors working on the Council's property and estates. In addition, the role encompasses the arrangement of civic events,

The Facilities Officer role is a newly created and important position introduced during the 2025–26 financial year, reflecting the Council's commitment to maintaining high-quality community spaces. The role involves ensuring that all council buildings are kept clean, safe, and welcoming for residents and visitors alike. Responsibilities include carrying out minor repairs and routine maintenance, preparing venues for public use, and supporting the smooth delivery of community events. As a key addition to the team, the Facilities Officer plays a vital role in enhancing the day-to-day operation, presentation, and accessibility of Llangollen's community facilities.

Governance

In line with the Town Council's business plan objective of promoting good governance and financial integrity, this area has remained a key priority during the 2025–26 financial year. Strengthening governance arrangements has supported greater transparency, accountability, and effective decision-making across all Council activities. This ongoing focus ensures that robust processes are in place, public funds are managed responsibly, and the Council continues to operate in a way that builds trust and confidence within the community.

The Town Council continued to actively promote the views and interests of Llangollen at the national and county level on a host of consultative matters.

The Town Council has continued to be vigilant in scrutinising planning proposals and has made careful and considered recommendations to 42 planning applications received. Even though the Town Council has limited powers in respect of planning, on the whole recommendations have been noted by the County Council's Planning Committee.



Since May 2024, the Town Council also responded to consultations on the following:

- North Wales Corporate Joint Committee and the Strategic Development Plan
- Democracy and Boundary Commission Cymru: Draft Annual Remuneration Report for 2026–27
- Consultation on the proposed Glyndŵr National Park
- Concept Design Proposal – Market Street Junction Improvements

Assets.

The Town Council has brought considerable investment into its assets during the financial year which have included continued improvements to the Town Hall with investment in more energy efficient led lighting and equipment, and minor repairs to ensure the ongoing sustainability of this critical town centre asset.

Refurbishment works to the Town Hall outbuildings and the historic town morgue, which were previously stalled during 2024–25 due to a number of factors, have now been undertaken. However, development works at Pen y Bryn Cemetery have had to be postponed. The Town Council remains committed to progressing this project, with the aim of creating a space for remembrance, reflection, and community gatherings, while ensuring the long-term sustainability and maintenance of the site. The proposed plans will retain and restore existing features such as headstones and memorials, alongside improvements to the overall layout, including new pathways and seating areas.



During the 2025–26 financial year, a byelaw was adopted prohibiting, among other things, the parking of vehicles in this area. Since its introduction, the byelaw has helped to improve the management and use of Centenary Square, ensuring it remains a safe and accessible space for the community. Any breach of the byelaw constitutes an offence and may result in a fine upon summary conviction.

Community Support

The Town Council continued to be committed to strengthening the long-term social, economic and commercial wellbeing of the town. It continues to support established local employers while creating the conditions for new and innovative businesses to emerge and thrive. This is underpinned by a strategic focus on place-based solutions that deliver sustainable economic growth, enhance community wellbeing, and build resilience for the future.

In parallel, the Council works collaboratively with local groups, service providers and the third sector to expand access to opportunities and services for residents. This includes prioritising inclusive provision for older people, increasing engagement and opportunities for young people, and supporting the development of accessible, high-quality sports facilities and local healthcare services that meet community needs.

Strengthening community cohesion remains a central priority. The Council actively promotes an inclusive and welcoming environment by supporting initiatives that advance equality, tackle discrimination, and foster positive relationships across Llangollen's diverse communities.

The Town Council actively supported a range of Community groups during the year which include: -

- Friends of Pengwern.
- Llangollen Tidy Towns Team.
- Llangollen Foodshare

In addition, direct financial support was provided to the following groups.

- Llangollen Community Christmas Lunch.
- Llangollen International Eisteddfod
- New Dot Cinema
- Llangollen Youth Football
- The Melodics

The annual allocation of the five free car park days offered to the Town Council by Denbighshire County were used to support the Llangollen food Festival, Llangollen Christmas Festival and to support retailers in the run up to Christmas.

Events and culture.

The Town Council continued to acknowledge the importance of several community events, run solely by volunteers, which benefit the town. Llangollen Food Festival, the Christmas Festival, the Llangollen International Music Eisteddfod and the Llangollen Fringe Festival which all add to the vibrancy and culture of our town.



The Town Hall received 440 bookings over the year and they reflect a diverse mix of users, including charities, not-for-profit organisations, and commercial companies. The continuation of discounted hire rates remains a vital factor in supporting the local community, particularly enabling charity and voluntary groups to access facilities that might otherwise be unaffordable.

The Town Council continues to subsidise hire fees for charity and not-for-profit organisations by offering a 50% reduction, along with special rehearsal rates. In addition, a 25% discount is available to local sole traders and individuals hosting private events in council facilities. These subsidies play an important role in sustaining community activity, encouraging local engagement, and supporting the work of charitable organisations.

The Town Council resolved in principle to proceed with an Expression of Interest and to take on the role of Accountable Body, holding overall responsibility for the programme, including financial management, legal compliance, coordination of partners, grant funding, and reporting to the Department for Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS). Expressions of Interest for the UK Town of Culture 2028 closed on 31 March 2026, and a bid was submitted accordingly.



Confirmation of receipt has been received from DCMS, who have advised that, once all submissions have been assessed by their expert advisory panel, they will inform the Town Council of the outcome.

Community engagement.

The legal requirements for hybrid meetings had provided more opportunities for public participation in Council affairs and the Town Council continues to make public information accessible through a variety of formats using newsletters, social media, and the Town Council's own website www.llangollewntowncouncil.gov.uk

In 2025–26, the use of online collaboration tools has remained highly relevant in supporting the Council's operations, enabling increased engagement and more flexible ways of working for both employees and Members. These tools have continued to provide greater freedom in how and where work is undertaken, while also improving overall efficiency and responsiveness.



Online collaboration platforms have made it easier to bring individuals together into shared workspaces, enhancing participation and enabling more effective engagement with external stakeholders. Compared to traditional methods—such as in-person meetings, audio and video calls, paper surveys and press advertisements—these tools offer more dynamic, inclusive and real-time communication. This has supported increased creativity, stronger working relationships, and broader stakeholder involvement.

The continued use of digital collaboration also contributes to reduced travel requirements, supporting lower carbon emissions. This aligns with the Town Council's ongoing commitment to environmental sustainability and its pledge to work towards making Llangollen carbon neutral by 2030.

These approaches will remain a key component of the Council's working practices going forward, ensuring continued efficiency, accessibility and environmental benefit in future years.

Civic events

This Annual Remembrance Day Service organised by the Town Council was held on Sunday 9 November on Centenary Square and was again well supported by the Llangollen Branch of the British legion and by residents.



Climate change and Biodiversity.

The Town Council continues to deliver on actions within its own climate action plan. The Town Council continues its contract with a new provider of 100% green an ethical energy supplies Ecotricity and improved the efficiency of the remote control of heating systems throughout the Town Hall to accurately control the heating systems for events.

Additionally, the Town Council has replaced all its theatrical stage lights to LED units to further reduce energy consumption.

However, there is a continued need for the Town Council to work with the community to drive forward significant change in the volumes of greenhouse gasses generated within the community and to support the identification of alternative methods of energy production.



Biodiversity Duty (Section 6, Environment (Wales) Act 2016)
Section 6 of the Environment (Wales) Act 2016 places a duty on public authorities to conserve biodiversity: *“Every public authority must, in exercising its functions, have regard, so far as is consistent with the proper exercise of those functions, to the purpose of conserving biodiversity”*.

During December 2025, the Town Council undertook the required actions associated with the Section 6 duty. As part of this work, the Council reviewed and updated its Biodiversity Action Plan to ensure alignment with current legislative requirements and local biodiversity priorities.

The Town Council continues to monitor and promote biodiversity through the implementation of its Biodiversity Action Plan. This provides a structured framework for decision-making, delivery of actions, and ongoing assessment of progress against the Council’s biodiversity objectives.

Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015

Community and town councils in Wales are in practice expected to support and align Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 and should take account of the Act's principles and consider the 7 well-being goals .



Community councils are also encouraged to engage with their local Public Services Boards. This ensures local voices are included in county-wide decisions. Llangollen Town Council primarily contributes to the Act through its impact on the local environment, community life, cultural activity, and grassroots economic development.

While the Town Council has a less direct control over large-scale issues or major infrastructure, it plays a crucial role in shaping everyday well-being outcomes for residents. In doing so, its work aligns with the Conwy and Denbighshire Public Services Board (PSB) priorities, which can be broadly summarised around improving well-being, strengthening the local economy, promoting equality, and addressing housing challenges. Collectively, these priorities are designed to deliver long-term, sustainable well-being outcomes in line with the principles of the Future Generations Act as are detailed below

A More Equal Wales

The Town Council supports inclusion and reduces inequality by funding and enabling community initiatives. It provides small grants to local groups tackling inequality and supports inclusive events and accessible services. For example, the Town Council has funded youth groups, accessibility improvements, and other initiatives to ensure that all members of the community are supported.

A Healthier Wales

The Town Council promotes physical and mental wellbeing within the community by maintaining green spaces, parks, and walking routes, as well as supporting activities that improve mental health. It also encourages active travel such as walking and cycling.

A Prosperous Wales

The Town Council supports the local economy and tourism by promoting the area and organising or supporting events such as festivals and markets. It also helps increase footfall and visibility for local businesses. For example, the use of the annual allocation of the five free car park days offered to the Town Council by Denbighshire County were used to support the Llangollen food Festival, Llangollen Christmas Festival and to support retailers in the run up to Christmas..

A Resilient Wales

The Town Council supports environmental sustainability and resilience through actions set out in its Biodiversity Action Plan and its declaration of a Climate and Ecological Emergency, alongside delivering its Climate Action Plan. These include initiatives such as tree planting, pollinator schemes, and wider biodiversity projects, as well as raising environmental awareness and managing green spaces sustainably.

Cohesive Communities

The Town Council strengthens community cohesion as it is the closest level of government to residents and plays a key role in bringing people together. It supports community groups, encourages volunteering, and maintains shared spaces such as the Town hall and public areas. For example, local events and community-led initiatives help build strong relationships and a sense of belonging among residents.

A Wales of Vibrant Culture and Thriving Welsh Language

The Town Council promotes culture, heritage, and the Welsh language by supporting cultural events, encouraging the use of Welsh locally, and preserving local identity and arts. For example, support for events such as the Llangollen International Eisteddfod helps celebrate cultural diversity and promotes Welsh heritage.

A Globally Responsible Wales

The Town Council supports sustainability and responsible practices by encouraging sustainable procurement, promoting recycling and waste reduction, and supporting environmentally responsible events. For example, local events may be organised with a focus on reducing waste and minimising environmental impact.

Link to Public Services Board (PSB) priorities



The Town Council's activities also support wider Public Services Board priorities, particularly in improving well-being, supporting the local economy, promoting equality, and contributing to environmental resilience. For example, its work in tourism, community support, and environmental initiatives aligns closely with PSB objectives across the region.

Looking Forward

This Statement of Intent sets out the priorities and direction of Llangollen Town Council for the 2026/27 financial year. It reflects the Council's commitment to maintaining and improving services, supporting the community, and delivering the objectives set out in the adopted Place Plan, Caru / Love Llangollen.

The Council recognises that it is operating within a challenging and changing context, with ongoing political, economic, and social pressures, including financial constraints faced by Denbighshire County Council. In response, the Town Council will continue to work proactively with partners to ensure the effective delivery of services and support for the local community.

The Town Council will continue to maintain and improve its services and infrastructure, ensuring they remain efficient, responsive, and aligned with community needs. It will work in partnership with Denbighshire County Council and other stakeholders to sustain key services, including ongoing engagement regarding the future provision services, with the aim of securing outcomes that meet local needs and represent value for money.

The Council will respond promptly and effectively to public enquiries and service requests, maintaining high standards of service delivery. It will also explore opportunities for the devolution of services where these can be delivered more effectively at a local level without increasing costs to residents.

The Council will strengthen its engagement with residents, businesses, and community organisations to ensure that local priorities are clearly understood and reflected in decision-making. This will include the introduction of regular street surgeries, enhanced consultation on key issues, and improved communication channels.

The Council will support increased participation in community life, including progressing the development of a Youth Council with a delegated budget, and engaging directly with young people and community groups to identify and deliver projects that meet local needs. The Council will also continue to provide grants to local organisations, supporting initiatives that deliver clear community benefit.

The Town Council will take a leadership role in improving coordination and collaboration across the community. It will establish regular forums and workshops to bring together local organisations, businesses, and stakeholders, using the Place Plan as a framework for joint working and shared priorities.

The Council will also support the re-establishment of a representative Chamber of Trade and Tourism to strengthen business collaboration, promote joint initiatives, and support economic development.

Supporting a resilient and sustainable local economy will remain a key priority. The Council will continue to promote Llangollen as a destination, supporting events, food markets, and other initiatives that increase visitor numbers and local spending. The Council will work with partners to improve visitor management, encourage longer stays, and promote responsible tourism. It will also support the development of a stronger and more coherent identity for the

town, including exploring a unified approach to branding and messaging that reflects Llangollen's unique assets, including its World Heritage Site status.

In the longer term, the Council will support the development of projects that enhance the town's welcome and overall visitor experience and explore opportunities to grow key sectors such as outdoor activities.

If the Expression of Interest for the UK Town of Culture 2028 is successful, the Council will play an active role in supporting and delivering a programme of projects aimed at enhancing the town's sense of welcome and overall visitor experience. This will include initiatives to improve the quality, accessibility, and appeal of local facilities and public spaces, as well as strengthening the town's cultural and tourism offer. In addition, the Council will work with partners to explore and develop opportunities to grow cultural activity, strengthen pride in local heritage and develop other key sectors of the local economy, particularly outdoor activities, building on existing strengths to attract new visitors and encourage longer stays.

The Town Council will play an active role in shaping the future development of Llangollen. This includes considering local policy positions in response to issues such as second homes and holiday accommodation, and supporting development that is sustainable, accessible, and consistent with the character of the town. The Council will work with partners to support economic diversification and employment opportunities and will explore longer-term initiatives such as the potential establishment of a community land trust to support the delivery of affordable housing and community-led development.

The Council will continue to prioritise environmental sustainability and climate action, building on its declaration of a Climate and Ecological Emergency. Actions will be delivered through the Council's Biodiversity Action Plan and Climate Action Plan, including biodiversity enhancement, sustainable management of green spaces, and promotion of environmentally responsible practices. The Council will work with partners to manage environmental pressures, including visitor impacts, and will explore opportunities for renewable energy initiatives and sustainable infrastructure, such as electric vehicle charging provision. It will also support awareness-raising activities in collaboration with schools and community groups.

The Town Council will continue to invest in the Town Councils infrastructure and public spaces, ensuring they are accessible, well-maintained, and reflective of the town's identity. This includes identifying and developing suitable spaces for events, markets, and cultural activities, and managing public areas effectively. The Council will support improvements to community facilities and will undertake or commission feasibility work to explore the development of a multipurpose community hub, including the future role of the Town Hall.

The Council is committed to maintaining high standards of governance, transparency, and accountability. It will continue to review its operations and seek opportunities to improve efficiency and effectiveness. It will work collaboratively with statutory bodies, voluntary organisations, businesses, and residents to ensure that services and initiatives meet the needs and expectations of the community.

Through the delivery of this Statement of Intent, Llangollen Town Council will drive forward the objectives of Caru / Love Llangollen, ensuring that community aspirations are translated into tangible outcomes. The Council remains committed to supporting a vibrant, sustainable, and inclusive town, and to ensuring that Llangollen continues to be a place where people can live, work, play, and stay.

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SCHEDULE OF MEETINGS 2026.27 MUNICIPAL YEAR

Date	Meeting	Time	Method
19/05/2026	Annual Meeting	6.00 pm	Hybrid
19/05/2026	Town Council on rising of the Annual Meeting.	-	Hybrid
26/05/2026	Asset Management Committee	6.00 pm	Online only
16/06/2026	Town Council	6.00 pm	Hybrid
16/06/2026	Management and Establishment Committee on rising of the Town Council	-	Hybrid
21/07/2021	Town Council	6.00 pm	Hybrid

AUGUST RECESS

15/09/2026	Town Council	6.00 pm	Hybrid
22/09/2026	Asset Management Committee	6.00 pm	Online only
22/09/2026	Management and Establishment Committee on rising of the Town Council	-	Hybrid
20/10/2026	Town Council	6.00 pm	Hybrid
17/11/2026	Town Council	6.00 pm	Hybrid
15/12/2026	Town Council	6.00 pm	Hybrid
15/12/2026	Management and Establishment Committee on rising of the Town Council	-	Hybrid
19/01/2027	Town Council	6.00 pm	Hybrid
26/01/2027	Asset Management Committee	6.00 pm	Online only
16/02/2027	Town Council	6.00 pm	Hybrid
16/03/2027	Town Council	6.00 pm	Hybrid
20/04/2027	Town Council	6.00 pm	Hybrid
20/04/2027	Management and Establishment Committee on rising of the Town Council	-	Hybrid
27/04/2027	Asset Management Committee	6.00 pm	Online only
Planning Committees will be convened in response to consultation deadlines		6.00 pm	Online only
Schedule excludes Task and Finish Groups and Extraordinary Meetings.			